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Cambria Freeman.

JAS. C. HASSON, Editor and Proprietor. "HE IS A FREEMAN WHOM THE TRUTH MAKES FREE AND ALL ARE SLAVES BESIDE." $1.50 and postage per year in advance.

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AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has demonstrated its power of cure for all diseases of the blood.
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Respectfully yours, RALPH Y. WINGATE.
The Trooper's Experience.
Mafeking, Bamtoland, S. Africa, March 7, 1885.
DR. J. C. AYER & Co.—Gentlemen: I have much pleasure to testify to the great value of your Sarsaparilla. We have been stationed here for over two years, during which time we had to live in tents. Being under canvas for such a time brought on what is called in this country "veldt-sores." I had those sores for some time. I was advised to take your Sarsaparilla, two bottles of which made my sores disappear rapidly, and I am now quite well.
Yours truly, T. K. BODEN,
Trooper, Cape Mounted Riflemen.
Ayer's Sarsaparilla
Is the only thoroughly effective blood-purifier, the only medicine that eradicates the poisons of Scrofula, Mercury, and Contagious Disease from the system.
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.
Sold by all Druggists: Price $1; six bottles for $5.

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Constipation
Demands prompt treatment. The results of neglect may be serious. Avoid all harsh and drastic purgatives, the tendency of which is to weaken the bowels. The best remedy is Ayer's Pills. Being purely vegetable, their action is prompt and their effect always beneficial. They are an admirable Liver and After-dinner pill, and everywhere endorsed by the profession.
"Ayer's Pills are highly and universally spoken of by the people about here. I make daily use of them in my practice."—Dr. I. E. Fowler, Bridgeport, Conn.
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"For several years Ayer's Pills have been used in my family. We find them an
Effective Remedy
for constipation and indigestion, and are never without them in the house."—Moses Grenier, Lowell, Mass.
"I have used Ayer's Pills, for liver troubles and indigestion, during many years, and have always found them prompt and efficient in their action."—L. N. Smith, Utica, N. Y.
"I suffered from constipation which assumed such an obstinate form that I feared it would cause a stoppage of the bowels. Two boxes of Ayer's Pills effected a complete cure."—D. Burke, Saco, Me.
"I have used Ayer's Pills for the past thirty years and consider them an invaluable family medicine. I know of no better remedy for liver troubles, and have always found them a prompt cure for dyspepsia."—James Quinn, 90 Middle st., Hartford, Conn.
"Having been troubled with costiveness, which seems inevitable with persons of sedentary habits, I have tried Ayer's Pills, hoping for relief. I am glad to say that they have served me better than any other medicine. I arrive at this conclusion only after a faithful trial of their merits."—Samuel T. Jones, Oak st., Boston, Mass.
Ayer's Pills,
PREPARED BY
Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass
Sold by all Dealers in Medicine.

CARTER'S LITTLE LIVER PILLS.
CURE
Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles incident to a bilious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Nausea, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing
SICK
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constipation, curing and preventing this annoying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only cured
HEAD
Ache they would be almost priceless to those who suffer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head
ACHE
is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not.
Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and very easy to take. One or two pills make a dose. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all who use them. In vials at 25 cents; five for $1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail.
CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE

HALL'S Vegetable Sicilian HAIR RENEWER.
The great popularity of this preparation, after its test of many years, should be an assurance, even to the most skeptical, that it is really a meritorious article. Those who have used HALL'S HAIR RENEWER know that it does all that is claimed.
It causes new growth of hair on bald heads—provided the hair follicles are not dead, which is seldom the case; restores natural color to gray or faded hair; preserves the scalp healthful and clear of dandruff; prevents the hair falling off or changing color; keeps it soft, pliant, lustrous, and causes it to grow long and thick.
HALL'S HAIR RENEWER produces its effects by the healthful influence of its vegetable ingredients, which invigorate and rejuvenate. It is not a dye, and is a delightful article for toilet use. Containing no alcohol, it does not evaporate quickly and dry up the natural oil, leaving the hair harsh and brittle, as do other preparations.
Buckingham's Dye FOR THE WHISKERS
Colors them brown or black, as desired, and is the best dye, because it is harmless; produces a permanent natural color; and, being a single preparation, is more convenient of application than any other.
PREPARED BY
R. P. HALL & CO., Nashua, N. H.
Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.

Nothing On Earth Will
MAKE HENS LAY
LIKE
Sheridan's Condition Powder!
KEEPS YOUR CHICKENS
Strong and Healthy; Prevents all Disease.
Good for Moulting Hens.
It is absolutely pure. Highly concentrated. In quantity costs tenth of a cent a day. No other one-fourth as strong. Strictly a medicine. "One large can saved me $40; send six more to prevent Roup," says one customer. If you can't get it send 25c. to us. Ask first. Sample for 2-cts. in stamps. 6 packs $1. Large 2 1-2 lb. can, by mail, $1.20. Six large cans, $5, express prepaid. Sample copy of The Best Poultry Paper sent free. Farm-Poultry one year (price 50c.) and large can $1.50. I. S. JOHNSON & CO., 22 Custom House St., Boston, Mass
Garfield Tea Overcomes results of bad eating, Purifies the Blood, Cures Constipation, Restores Complexion, Saves Doctors' Bills. Sample free. GARFIELD TEA CO., 319 W. 46th St., N.Y.
Cures Sick Headache

AT THE CRADLE.

How still he sleeps! The morning sunlight falls
Upon his downy head. A song-bird calls
Without the window; young, rejoicing leaves,
That garland the new spring, a checkered shade
Upon the pillow throw, but his bright head is laid
In sunlight only; each soft cheek receives
A radiant kiss. One loving ray
Lies lightly on his parted lips where play
The fairy graces of a baby's dream.
Some sporting curls have caught another gleam,
A golden gift it leaves in every tress.
God bless my baby! every sweet caress
That leaves a clinging joy at out my heart,
Each loving hope—a loving fear in part—
Each whispered prayer, his little head beside,
Each fond exulting pulse of mother's pride,
All he has brought of peace and guileless joy
Return in blessings on my darling boy.
—Carrie Stern, in Babyhood.

A LITTLE DIPLOMACY.

It Was Worth More Than Bluff to a Revenue Collector.

Some years ago I received a temporary appointment in the internal revenue department, and was assigned to the duty of looking up violations of the law in regard to manufactured tobacco. All reported irregularities were referred to me for investigation. I was telegraphed by the collector at Nashville, upon one occasion, to go to Shelbyville immediately and take action in a case where a manufacturer, J. H. Ladd, had been using canceled revenue stamps.
When I arrived, I found Capt. Norville, the district deputy, awaiting me with a posse of half a dozen men. Ladd lived twelve or thirteen miles from Shelbyville, in the richest section of the county. I explained to Norville that there was no necessity of going that night as Ladd could not remove his property if he were disposed to do so; that we would start before day in order to make the trip, effect the seizure and return that night. I learned the following from him: He had come up with two of Ladd's wagons a couple of days before in an adjoining county laden with plug tobacco put up in boxes varying in weight from twenty-five to one hundred pounds each; that the stamps on them had been reused; that he had gone the next day with a deputy United States marshal to seize the factory; that when he arrived old man Ladd was not at home and the factory was locked. He had gone to the dwelling for the keys, when Mrs. Ladd told a servant to look for them. She, in the meantime, stepped out into the yard and rang the farm bell as vigorously as if the building was on fire. In a few moments three of Ladd's sons and a hired man rushed to the house as fast as their horses could carry them—they had been plowing—Mrs. Ladd met them at the gate, and, he supposed, explained the situation. They came into the house, a large two-story frame with L, and in a moment into the room where he was sitting, waiting for the girl to find the keys, armed with shotguns.
Mrs. Ladd then abused the officer for everything she could think of, and ordered him to leave and not to stand on the order of going; that if he did not she would have him and the deputy killed and thrown into the hoggen, where they ought to be. The old man did not stand well in the collector's office, and when Norville returned and reported the situation by telegraph I was ordered to the scene. I told him to secure a carriage that would accommodate three besides the driver, and an hour before day we were en route over a fine turnpike road. When we got in front of the house I saw two men go in from one side, and noticed several faces at the window, two of them females. I ordered the driver to go directly to the factory almost in the rear of the dwelling and at a corner of the garden fence. Leaving the party in the hack I returned to the house, entering by what I afterwards ascertained to be the rear door of the kitchen. An elderly white woman and a negro girl were in the room, washing the dishes and cleaning up after breakfast. I asked politely if this was Mrs. Ladd. She jerked out a "yes." I approached and extended my hand, assuring her I was very glad to see her, and giving my name. I was so friendly, greeted her so cordially, that she was nonplussed for a moment. When I asked if Mr. Ladd was in she answered "yes" in a more pleasant tone, at the same time pointing to a door leading to the main building.
I opened it and walked in, and there sat four men and a fourteen-year-old boy, all except the old man having a double-barrel shotgun lying across his lap. I approached the old man and said:
"This is Mr. Ladd, I presume?"
"Yes, that is my name."
I gave him mine.
"These are your sons, I presume?"
"Some of them."
Turning to the one nearest me I said: "Your name?"
"James."
"Well, James, how do you do? I am glad to see you. You favor your father. Eye and forehead exactly."
I inquired the name of every one, shook hands with each, complimented each. Here I stopped, when the old man said:
"Stranger, since you have got acquainted with all the boys, there is two more you ought to know. One is my wife and the other my daughter.
"Marinda, Marinda, you and Zoa come in here," he called.
I explained that I had met his wife, and a most charming lady she was, but Marinda came in and I was formally introduced to her, and shook hands with her again, and complimented her on her manly boys. Then the daughter came in, who was indeed a modest, sweet girl of sixteen. I could read in the face of every one of them: "What does all this mean?" After I had talked awhile about the weather and crops, I asked Mr. Ladd to step into an adjoining room with me, as I wished to talk to him privately.
"Oh! no, not any, if you please. If you have any business with me blurt it out. This family has no secrets."
I then told him that I had heard that he had had some trouble with Capt. Norville. I think Mercedes would like to go with us," said I.
"No doubt it would be a treat for her, poor girl," my wife responded. "Come here, little one!" beckoning the child to a seat by her side. "Do you never get lonely here by yourself?"
"Ah, no, senora! I have always this," stretching out her hands with a tender gesture toward the sea. It had murmured her cradle lullaby, and she knew and loved its varying moods.
"Then there are many people here in summer, and often they speak with me; when they come no more I gather my shells and help mend the nets."
"Have you no playmates?"
"I had a sister once—she died," softly.
"I will be your sister, Mercedes," cried Lily, impulsively.
"So you shall, dear," said I. "Ah! there is Pacheco homeward-bound with a fine string of fish," and waylaying the child's father, I told him our plans respecting Mercedes, to which he gave ready consent.
There was quite a gathering of natives about the hotel in the morning to wish us "Buenos dias" as our cavalcade set out, led by Mexican Joe, a venerable islander, who was to act in the capacity of cook and general utility man.
We were to make the trip by easy stages, stopping over night at the Indian mounds, a place I had long contemplated visiting.
Joe assured me that he knew the mound locality well, and confident that a rich harvest would reward the diligent explorer—for stone implements, beads, bits of wampum, and even the skulls and bones of departed warriors had been unearthed by the islanders—I added pick and shovel to our camping outfit.
The trail, following the coast, was ascending and sometimes wound perilously near the edge of the cliff. Looking down a hundred feet or more, one could see the foaming breakers dashing on the rocks below. Everything delighted the children; they laughed and chatted and sang until we caught their merry mood, and a gay party we were, indeed.
The sun was high in the heavens when we arrived at the mounds, so, with appetites made keen by the long ride in the bracing morning air, we set about preparing the mid-day meal. Old Joe limped away to gather firewood; my wife summoned the children, who were culling the golden poppies that grew in profusion along the cliff's edge, to help unpack the lunch, while I, jug in hand, made for a canyon near by in search of water. I found a trickling stream dripping from the moss-clad bowlders, and the jug was soon filled. It might have been fifteen minutes before I left the canyon; as soon as I came in sight of camp I knew that something was amiss. Old Joe ran toward me, shouting and motioning wildly; on the verge of the cliff I saw my wife kneeling, Mercedes beside her, but—where was Lily?
In an instant I realized the worst—Lily had fallen from the cliff. My brain reeled with the horror of the thought, and I called to my wife beseeching her to leave that awful place. Why did she still kneel and gaze down upon the mangled form lying on the cruel rocks?
"Senor," the old Mexican was saying, "the child not hurt—she cling to the ledge. We must have ropes!"
Alive! I grasped a sturdy root and swung myself over the abyss. Far below, upon a narrow, crumbling ledge, Lily lay, her fall arrested by a dense growth of brush.
"Quick! the ropes!" I shouted to Joe.
Those used in lashing the burro's pack in place were all we had. Joe was rapidly knotting them together. "Pray God they may not be too short!" gasped the child's mother.
"Ah!" the Mexican exclaimed, "the rope too old. If the senor go down it break."
"Listen!" cried Mercedes. "The rope will hold me. I will go to her."
Even as she spoke we slipped the noose under her arms, and, as we grasped the rope, swung off the rock.
I would not live those moments again for wealth untold.
Would the rope reach Lily? Would it bear the weight of both?
These were the thoughts that almost stopped my heart-beats, while inch by inch was lowered the brave child, perhaps to her death.
At length the strain on the rope ceased.
"She has reached the ledge," breathed the trembling mother. "She slips the noose from her body and fastens it under Lily's arms. Pull! Pull!"
And we pulled, slowly, steadily, until loving mother arms reached out and drew the unconscious child from the very brink of death, her tiny hand still clenched about the brilliant-hued poppies that had so nearly proved her destruction.
And now for one more effort! Would the frayed strands part under the heavier weight? In breathless silence the rope was lowered, and we waited the signal to pull up.
I remember how, even at that moment, the beauty of the scene appealed to me.
The golden sunshine flooded sea and land.
Above us bent the cloudless blue of a tropic sky; and I could but wonder if our Father, who made all things so fair, would suffer the sun to shine and the birds to sing if that brave young life was to be sacrificed.

That of which I write occurred many years ago. As I pen these closing lines my eyes fall upon a missive received this morning from an eastern convent school.
"Mercedes and I will soon be with you," it reads. "We have passed our examination and graduate in June."
The father and mother have long been dead, the brothers are scattered, and Mercedes fills a daughter's place in our hearts and home.—Home Magazine.

—It was resolved that each of the allied powers should designate a commissioner charged with the surveillance of Napoleon at St. Helena. Tallyrand proposed to the king for this office M. de Montchenu, described as "an insupportable babbler, a complete nonentity." On being asked why he had selected this man, Tallyrand replied: "It is the only revenge which I wish to take for his treatment of me; however, it is terrible. What a punishment for a man of Bonaparte's stamp to be obliged to live with an ignorant and pedantic character! I know him; he will not be able to support this annoyance; it will make him ill, and he will die of it by slow degrees."—Argonaut.

—Mendicant (to actor)—"Would you oblige a brother professional with a trifle to get some food? I used to be in the business myself—contortionist." Actor (giving quarter)—"Well, here you are, ex-tortionist."—Kate Field's Washington.

DICTATED PUNCTUATION.

How the Story Read When the Typewriter Got Through with It.

"When I first began dictating to a typewriter," said a man who writes for the papers, addressing a New York Sun reporter, "I thought that I must dictate all the punctuation complete, and my dictation ran something like this:
"'Young Adolphus von Gwilt leaned back upon the blue plush seat of the palace car and looked out upon the fleeting panorama period He had loved the fair Adeline Otville comma and she had loved him comma but the old man had kicked semicolon that is comma you understand comma he had not actually kicked Adolphus comma but he had kicked figuratively speaking semicolon and the disconsolate Adolphus was now traveling to assuage his grief semicolon he was on his way to the world's fair period paragraph
"'Just now he felt hungry semicolon thanks to youth and good health his appetite never deserted him period So Adolphus went forward into the dining car to breakfast period no semicolon and he ate a good square meal comma as he generally did semicolon and then he went back to his section in the sleeper period paragraph
"'As he entered the car he saw something that made him almost doubt his eyesight period no semicolon it was the form of Adeline Otville period And she was in the next section back of his comma and had been ever since the train started comma and he hadn't known it which was not very remarkable comma after all comma for the train had started very late the night before comma and he had not come aboard until the last minute period It seems that Adeline that is I mean Miss Otville was traveling for her health comma no a period She comma like Adolphus comma had been very much torn up by this misappreciation of Adolphus on the part of the old man comma and her father had thought that it would be a good thing for her to travel semicolon and by the commonest accident in the world she and Adolphus had met on this train semicolon it was just one of those things that happen every day comma but it did not strike these young people in that commonplace way semicolon to them it was the most delightful thing they had ever heard of period paragraph.
"'Quote Adolphus scare mark close quote cried Adeline comma the color rising to her cheek and she herself rising from the blue plush seat quote Adeline scare mark close quote cried Adolphus comma hurrying forward to meet her semi-colon and then they sat down together and looked out at the flying panorama comma or more strictly speaking comma I fancy they looked at ,the fleeting panorama in each other's eyes period And then they set about seeing if they could not in some way fix things up with the old man period Quote You know comma Adolphus close quote comma said Adeline comma quote he said comma single quote Adeline comma you shall never marry Adolphus close single quote semicolon but comma dear comma papa is gentle-hearted comma you know comma and I think we can bring him around after all close quote period paragraph
"'It seems that the old man was at that minute in the smoking-room taking a cigar after breakfast comma and Adolphus followed him boldly period The old man gave him a grand bluff at first comma but Adolphus was persistent comma and finally he got the old man, I guess you'd better make that gentleman, out into the car where Adeline was sitting period He was not proof against the combined attack of the young people comma and it need only be added that at last he consented to make them happy semi-colon and so this trip which had begun in grief comma ended in joy semi-colon when they got to Chicago they were married period That's all.'
"But I soon discovered that this was all unnecessary; that all I really needed to do was to indicate the paragraphs; that if I dictated intelligently the typewriter would do the rest."

DIAMONDS SET IN IVORY.

A New Plan Being Tried by Fashionable European Jewelers.

The fashionable jewelers of London, Paris and other continental capitals have hit upon a new idea regarding the setting of diamonds, says a foreign exchange. They propose to use in the setting ivory instead of silver or gold, and it must be acknowledged that there is some reason for doing so. It is well known how difficult it is to clean the silver or gold setting properly and to preserve the original luster. Gild settings have the drawback of reflecting their yellow color on the stone, and to depreciate thereby the water of the stone. Another weighty objection is that they lose the brightness which is peculiar to these metals as soon as they are used as the only setting for reflecting and transparent stones, while they are beautiful and add to the appearance of diamonds set with pearls, cats'-eyes or chrysopras. Ivory would solve this question at once, which at present can only be attained by setting the transparent with a half transparent stone in gold or silver.

The Salt in the Sea.

According to a computation of the Berg und Huettenmaennische Zeitung, the amount of salt in the sea waters of the globe, if extracted, would be greater in mass than the land so far as it appears above the surface. The seas, it says, cover 73 per cent. of the earth's surface, estimated at 9,250,000 (German) square miles. The percentage of chlornatrium in the sea is the same at all depths. Assuming that the average depth of the sea is a half (German) mile, there are 3,400,000 cubic miles of sea water. A cubic mile of sea water contains, on the average, about twenty-five kilograms of salt. The 3,400,000 cubic miles of sea water would therefore contain 85,000 cubic miles of distilled pure salt. There is therefore little danger of a salt famine, is the rather logical deduction of the writer.

—Cicero was the greatest book collector of antiquity. One of his letters is extant in which he urges Atticus, a learned friend who was compelled from poverty to sell his library at auction, not to dispose of the books at public sale, but to keep them until the writer is able to purchase them, Cicero adding that he is saving all his rents for that purpose.

NO PLACE FOR BOYS.

What can a boy do, and where can a boy stay,
If he is always told to get out of the way?
He cannot sit here, and he must not stand there,
The cushions that cover that fine rocking chair
Were put there, of course, to be seen and admired,
A boy has no business to ever be tired.
The beautiful roses and flowers that bloom
On the floor of the darkened and delicate room
Are not made to walk on—at least, not by boys:
The house is no place, anyway, for their noise.
Yet boys must walk somewhere; and what if their feet,
Sent out of our houses, sent into the street,
Should step round the corner and pause at the door
Where other boys' feet have paused often before;
Should pass through the gateway of glittering light,
Where jokes that are merry and songs that are bright
Ring out a warm welcome with flattering voice,
And temptingly say: "Here's a place for the boys!"
Ah, what if they should? What if your boy or mine
Should cross o'er the threshold which marks out the line
'Twixt virtue and vice, 'twixt pureness and sin,
And leave all his innocent boyhood within?
Oh, what if they should, because you and I,
While the days and the months and the years hurry by,
Are too busy with cares and with life's fleeting joys
To make round our hearthstone a place for the boys?
There's a place for the boys. They will find it somewhere:
And if our own homes are too daintily fair
For the touch of their fingers, the tread of their feet,
They'll find it, and find it, alas! in the street,
'Mid the gildings of sin and the glitter of vice;
And with heartaches and longings we pay a dear price
For the getting of gain that our lifetime employs,
If we fail in providing a place for the boys.
A place for the boys—dear mother, I pray,
As cares settle down round our short earthly way,
Don't let us forget, by our kind, loving deeds,
To show we remember their pleasures and needs;
Though our souls may be vexed with problems of life,
And worn with besetments and toiling and strife,
Our hearts will keep younger—your tired heart and mine—
If we give them a place in their innermost shrine:
And to life's latest hour 'twill be one of our joys
That we kept a small corner—a place for the boys.
—Journal and Messenger.

A RUSSIAN PRINCESS.

She Was a Charming Woman and Played Her Part Well.

Her Presence Brightened the Winter Atlantic Voyage—On Arrival at New York She Received a Hearty Welcome.

Alder kept puffing away at his cigar, while I looked out of the great window at the falling snow. They had been telling stories, and thus far he had listened. Finally he said, with a smile:
"I don't believe I've ever told you of the part I played in a diamond swindle, have I?"
"What?" ejaculated Hennequin, with mock horror. "Is it possible what we have been harboring a criminal? Well, go on with your damaging confession."
The waiter had just entered with a tray. Alder first drank his creme de menthe. Then he settled himself back in the comfortable leather chair, and went on, with a laugh:
"It happened two years ago, coming over in a French steamer. It was in the winter time, and there were very few passengers. Our Christmas was spent at sea, and a right jolly Christmas it was. Capt. Fourget and I were old friends. I had made the trip with him half a dozen times before, and he did everything to make things agreeable for me.
"'We have a real live Russian princess with us this time, mon ami,' he laughed, as we sat playing vingt-et-un, the first night out. 'I am afraid that when you see her you will lose your heart.'
"'Is she so very beautiful, then?' I asked carelessly.
"'She is superb,' was his reply. 'I do not think a more charming woman has ever traveled on my ship.'
"I confess that, after what the captain had said, I was rather curious to see this Russian princess. But she did not leave her stateroom for the first three days out. She was suffering from an aggravated case of mal-de-mer, I was told. Finally she made her appearance at the captain's table, and her beauty created a veritable sensation.
"She was all the captain had said, and more. I do not believe I have ever seen a more beautiful woman anywhere, and, as you know, I have been something of a globe trotter. If she was not a princess, which even then I doubted, she certainly looked it in her costly sables. Whatever she was, she ought to have been a queen.
"She was seated on the captain's right, and the next place at the table was mine. I was able, then, to extend her a few little polite attentions, which soon put us on the best of terms. Acquaintances, as you know, are easily made on shipboard, to be dropped, if you like, the moment the steamer touches its dock.
"'Ah, monsieur,' the princess said, speaking French with a delicious accent, 'I have heard of you before. You are the American gentleman, n'est ce pas, who, several years ago, nearly broke the bank at Monte Carlo?'
"She alluded to a lucky coup of mine at rouge-et-noir. The newspapers at the time had got hold of it, and exaggerated my winnings into a princely fortune, although in reality they were only some thousands.
"'I have seen you before, monsieur,' said the princess, with her luminous eyes fixed upon me.
"'That is strange,' I said. 'I cannot recollect it. And, if I saw you once, I never should forget you.'
"'Ah,' said she, with a charming smile, 'but you did not see me. The Princess Dolgorouki pointed you out to me on the Newsky Prospekt, in St. Petersburg. You are known all over Europe, it seems, monsieur.'
"Well, I flirted with the princess all the way over. We promenaded the decks, and spent our evenings together in some cozy corner en tete-a-tete. She gave me soft glances and permitted gentle pressures of her plump hand.
"There was one passenger, a Frenchman, to whom I took a violent dislike. He looked like a croupier I had once seen at Monaco. He followed us about with his snaky black eyes, and he had a nasty habit of turning up when he was least wanted. But everything he did was apparently accidental, and he was very careful not to do anything for which I could take him to account. I strongly suspected, however, he was playing the part of a spy.
"The princess seemed to grow very uneasy when the voyage was nearly over. Our Christmas was spent off the Banks. The day was warm and sunny, and we had quoits on deck. While I was pitching them, the seam in one of the shoulders of my coat ripped.
"'You will let me repair it for you, will you not?' asked the princess, laying her gloved hand on my arm.
"'I could not think of allowing you,' I said. 'The stewardess will attend to it, I daresay. Unfortunately I haven't another coat in my steamer trunk.'
"'Let me fix it,' she said, with a shade of anxiety in her tone. 'I wish to do so.'
"'Very well,' I said. 'You are too kind.'
"She took the coat to her stateroom, and was rather a long time, I thought, in making the necessary repair. But her dainty hands might not have been accustomed to needlework. She was traveling alone, for her maid, a French girl, had been detained by the sudden illness of her mother. She was to follow, the princess explained, by the next steamer.
"She sent the coat to me, and when we met at dinner she said, with a little nervous laugh:
"'Did you find it to your satisfaction, monsieur?'
"'It was beautifully done,' I said. 'I really don't know how to repay you for your kindness.'
"'Shall I tell you, then?' she said, softly. 'When we arrive in New York you will call upon me soon, will you not? I shall be quite desolate. And you must come—it is only a whim, a fancy of mine—yes, you must come in that coat. Promise me this, monsieur.'
"Of course I promised.
"'At what hotel shall you stop, princess?' I asked.
"'The Russian consul, a dear old friend of my father, is to meet me,' she said. 'I am to be his guest. You must give me your address, and the first moment I have I will write for you to call upon me.'
"When we reached the steamer's dock in New York, the princess seemed tremendously agitated, but all my proffers of assistance were declined by her.
"'No, monsieur,' she said to me; 'my dear old friend, Ivan Petravitch, will be in waiting, and he will attend to everything.'
"I am not suprised at much, but I'll admit I was not quite prepared for what followed. The moment the gangplank was thrown out two of Inspector Byrnes' detectives stepped across it, and placed the princess and the little man with the snaky black eyes, who had watched me so closely during the voyage, under arrest. Almost in a jiffy they were being driven to police headquarters.
"What had they done? Well, in Paris they had stolen a lot of unset diamonds. My bogus princess was only a clever French woman, and the man her lover. They had fled the country without detection, they thought, but the police over there were too clever for them. The robbery had been fastened on them, and, when it was found that they had sailed for America, word was cabled over to hold them.
"But the missing diamonds could not be found upon them. A few days after their arrest a detective called upon me, and I told him all I knew about the woman, not forgetting to mention that she had repaired my coat for me.
"'Will you be kind enough to let me see the coat?' he asked.
"'Certainly,' I said, and I brought it out for him.
"He took it, and felt the shoulders, which were pretty well padded. The next moment he had his knife out, and was ripping open the seams. To my great surprise, the stolen diamonds soon lay on the table. The woman had cleverly secreted them in the shoulder-padding, and I had worn the coat without knowing it.
"What was her object? Well, the two undoubtedly were afraid they were unable to smuggle the diamonds through the custom house, and so they made me an unconscious confederate. The woman was confident of getting them again from me, and I am positive myself she would have, if the police hadn't blocked her little game.
"My part of the transaction was hushed up, and the two were sent back to France. They are both in some prison over there now. And the moral?—well, the moral must be perfectly clear to anyone. If you don't want to get into trouble, never have your coat sewed up by a strange woman."—Detroit Free Press.

Unpleasantly Effective.

A striking and decidedly unpleasant advertisement lately placed in some of the Brooklyn street cars is an excellent representation of a man's hand holding a five-chambered loaded revolver, with the muzzle trained upon anyone looking at it. The ends of the bullets may be seen in the chambers and the forefinger of the hand seems to press nervously on the hair trigger. No matter where you may sit in the car the invisible man has the drop on you and the menacing black barrel points square between your eyes. "You may laugh at the notion," said a passenger the other day as he moved over into the far corner of the opposite seat, "but that picture makes me nervous. I've lived in the far west among the mining camps, but I'm uneasy all the time I'm in the car."

The "Fabian" Policy.

The policy of wearing out the enemy in war by delays, misleading movements, feints of attacks, etc., while avoiding open battle, is called the "Fabian policy," from the following circumstance: Fabius Maximus was a Roman general in the second Punic war. Having been appointed just after the Roman army had suffered severe defeat at Lake Thrasymene, he perceived that his disheartened troops and bands of raw recruits could not oppose successfully a trained army flushed with victory and led by their great commander, Hannibal. He therefore avoided pitched battles, moved his camp from highland to highland, and tired out the enemy with marches and countermarches. This he continued until thwarted in his calculations by the impatience of the Roman senate.

MONSTER POPULATION OF ANTS

They Teach Lessons in Industry and Perfect Government.

There are more ants to the square mile in Florida than in any other country in the world, says a writer in the Savannah News. There are ants which will measure more than half an inch in length, and then there are ants so small that they can scarcely be seen to move with the unaided eye. There are red ants and black ants and troublesome ants. But, as bad as they are, I have never heard of them eating out the seat of a man's trousers, as a missionary, Rev. Mr. Wilson, once told the writer he saw the army ants do in India while the man was sitting on the earth for a few minutes beside him.
But the Florida ants will take out the lettuce and other minute seeds from the soil in which they are planted, and actually destroy the bed. They will suck the life out of acres of young cucumbers and melon plants, uproot strawberry plants or cover the buds with earth to such an extent as to kill them. They will get into pie, pickle, sauce, sirup, sugar, on meat, in hash, will riddle a cake or fill a loaf of briker's bread till it is worthless.
All remedies failing, I took to baiting them near their nests with slices of meat, bones, apple and pear parings, and when I had from fifty thousand to one hundred thousand out turned a kettle of boiling water on them. I have killed during the last week over one million in the space of a quarter-acre lot, and I have almost whipped them out. I had to do this to secure any lettuce plants, and many observant farmers complain of seedsmen when they should attribute their troubles to insects.
It is very curious and instructive to see how promptly the ants which escape the scalding go to work taking out the dead, and, after pulling them outside first, then go to excavating again and rebuilding their cells and runways. This being done very quickly the next work on hand is the laying in of a supply of food by hauling the dead bodies of the hot-water victims into their storehouses.
You may see a small black ant hauling and tugging at the carcass of a red ant twenty times its own weight, and he always succeeds

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - MARCH 9, 1894.

THE ex-confederate General Jubal A. Early, died at Lynchburg, Va., on last Friday night. He was born Nov. 3, 1816.

HARRY JOHNSON, convicted of the murder of his four-year-old daughter Berlie, at Allentown, has been sentenced to be hanged.

A MOB of 100 men tried to break into the jail at Stroudsburg, Pa., Friday, for the purpose of lynching Richard Prior, a negro murderer. Officers drove the mob off.

THE executors of Congressman William Lilly's estate, at Mauch Chunk, have paid $50,000 collateral inheritance tax to the state, he having had no direct heirs.

MR. ANDREW CARNEGIE'S offer to contribute a dollar for every dollar raised otherwise before March 1 for the relief of the poor in Pittsburg cost him just $125,170,72.

AN old man named Deckeback is lying in a Camden hospital alive with a broken neck. He is completely paralyzed. He was knocked down and run over by a carriage. When he fell he exclaimed: "My God, where are my hands and feet?"

A DISPATCH from Guadalajara, Mexico, says that Congressman Wilson was well enough to sit up three hours on Wednesday. It is expected that he will be able to go to the City of Mexico in about ten days. When he arrives there he will be accorded a reception by the government.

A DISPATCH from Dahomey says that King Behanzin on the eve of his surrender, summoned his widowed mother, and after telling her of his intention to submit to the French said he must inform his father and would therefore have her take him a message. Behanzin therefore ordered that his mother be beheaded, and, smoking a pipe, calmly looked on while the attendants decapitated her.

SECRETARY MORTON has added a new division to the organization of the weather bureau, namely, a division to be devoted to the subject of meteorology in its relation to agricultural soil. The object of the division shall be to study the climate conditions of heat and moisture under the surface of the ground and the relation of these conditions to the crop production. The Secretary has appointed to be chief of the new department, Professor Milton Whitney, of Maryland, late of the John Hopkins university.

SENATOR HILL'S resolution proposing radical changes in the Wilson tariff bill, says the Raltimore *Sun*, will strike the country as scarcely consistent with his famous declaration, "I am a Democrat." The Wilson bill has been formulated by Democratic leaders as the redemption of the pledge contained in the national platform, and is endorsed by the large majority of the party in congress, as well as by the Democratic voters of the country. Yet Senator Hill, who is so proud of proclaiming himself a Democrat, does not hesitate to array himself against both the platform and the party. Unfortunately, some other Democratic senators seem to have wandered off into alien territory and into strange company. It is a curious sort of Democracy that carries a man into the camp of the high protectionist.

A RECENT Washington dispatch says: "Hon. J. C. Sibley, who, notwithstanding his antagonism to the Wilson bill, is a warm friend and admirer of its author, originated a movement which will be at once put into effect, to make the convalescence of the chairman of the committee on ways and means as comfortable as possible. A special car is to be started immediately on its way to Mexico with the family physician of Mr. Wilson and two trained nurses. With attendance and the cheering knowledge of the solicitude of his friends, it is thought the recovery of the chairman will be hastened. "As soon as he is able to travel a special car will be at the disposal of the chairman for the journey home, under the care of the physician and nurses. Although Mr. Sibley has interested a number of members of the House, it is known that he is the contributor of the bulk of the funds for this graceful tribute to Chairman Wilson."

CONGRESSMAN TOM JOHNSON, who is engaged in the manufacture of steel rails at Johnstown, in a recent interview said:

"The question of the hour is the Wilson bill. I look to see it made a law this session. The senate is certainly taking its time with it, and they won't improve the bill: that I feel pretty sure of. The people want no more of this false protection that doesn't protect. The country will be more prosperous and the workingman will be earning higher wages with competition in trade thrown wide open to all than under the present restricted system."

Mr. Johnson said it was quite true that his company was about to erect a new plant for the manufacture of standard rails. He said he was not afraid of foreign competition in rails.

"There is not a pound of metal made in this country that needs a cent of protection, or that cannot hold its own with metal made elsewhere," he said.

"The whole system of taxing foreign products under the guise of maintaining wages is all rotten and wrong, and the sooner the workingman understands that he leans on a broken reed when he trusts to a protective tariff for his wages, the better it will be for himself and family."

EVIDENTLY, says the Philadelphia *Record*, the game of obstruction is to be played for all it is worth in hindering the progress of the tariff bill through the senate. The bill has been hung up in committee as long as possible, and now that it is likely to be reported, through the connivance of Republican senators the way is to be barricaded with the mischievous Bland bill. Republican organs have not tired of boasting that the repeal of the Sherman law could not have been accomplished without their assistance. They have made it a point of great virtue that they helped to undo a policy of their own contriving which had brought the country to the brink of financial ruin. Yet, at the same time that they are loudly and truthfully declaring that the delay in tariff legislation is seriously prolonging business distress, they are contriving to hurt the credit of the country at home and abroad; and to further prolong inaciton by a renewal of the silver controversy which they know to be fruitless of good and full of evil import.

The Augean stables at their filthiest never needed a Herculean cleaning out worse than does the United States senate. It is full of schemers, incapables and political speculators who know nothing of patriotism except as a convenient cloak with which to cover sinister designs that will not bear the light.

THE Republican papers take occasion, says the Pittsburg *Post*, of the 4th of March to indulge in doleful reviews of the condition of the country consequent, as they allege, on one year of Democratic rule. The panic was the creation of the Democracy, according to their logic, but they fail to explain why it has been world wide in its sweep. Democracy is a pretty big institution, but it hardly determines conditions in Great Britain, France, Germany, Italy and creation generally. The Democratic party took power on the 4th of March, 1893 pledged to these things, namely: 1. The repeal of the Sherman silver purchase law. 2. The repeal of the federal election law. 3. The reform of the McKinley tariff. Within the year they have repealed the Sherman law, they have passed through the House, and have pending in the senate, a comprehensive plan of tariff reform and revision. The chances are that it will be in operation on the date stipulated in the pending bill—that is, on the 1st of June That is doing pretty well. The Democracy is willing and proud to stand on its record. If the Republican papers are in a reminiscent mood they will find plenty of material for reflection in a comparison of the condition of the treasury and finance generally when Cleveland gave way to Harrison on the 4th of March, 1889, and the condition on the 4th of March, 1893, when Harrison gave way to Cleveland.

A WASHINGTON dispatch on Friday last said: Respecting some irregularities on the part of the Carnegie Steel Company in the supply of naval armor-plate Secretary Herbert makes the following statement touching the subject:

"Early in September last the navy department ascertained that illegal practices were being resorted to by some of the employes of the Carnegie Steel Company, Limited, at Pittsburg, Pa., in the manufacture of armor for the government, and that these irregularities had been continued for some time. A thorough investigation was set on foot at once. It was ascertained that while all the armor manufactured for the government was good—all excelling the lowest limit of tolerance in the specifications—yet that portions of it were not up to the highest possible mark of excellence, which, by their contract, the company was bound to attain.

"After some time spent in negotiations the Carnegie Steel Company appealed from the secretary of the navy to the President, who, on January 10, assessed the damages against the company at $140,484.94, and the company, January 17, 1894, settled with the department."

THE reasons, says the New York *World*, for the revival of business all over the country are apparent. In the first place, consumption has been going on while production has stopped. Stocks have been permitted to run down until now there is a demand that must be supplied. The revival was bound to come in the course of nature.

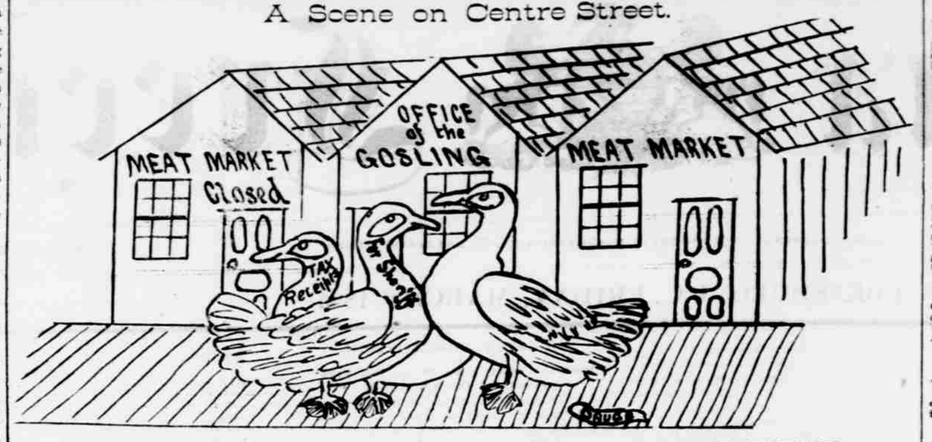
The quickness of the recovery is due to American elasticity and vigor. It is due also to returning confidence and to a reasonable certainty concerning the future. It could not have come so soon were it not for the repeal of the Sherman act. It has been helped too, by the passage of the Wilson bill through the House by a large majority. Manufacturers and merchants are thus assured of a moderate tariff measure, and are able to place their orders with some certainty as to the cost of goods.

Only one thing can prevent a brisk and profitable spring trade, and that is undue delay in the senate.

SENATOR CAMERON introduced a bill on Tuesday, in the senate directing that Sister Celestine, mother of St. Joseph's convent, Titusville, be put on pension roll at $25 per month to begin from May 15, 1868. The bill is accompanied by a letter from ex-State Chairman Andrews explaining that Sister Celestine was commissioned in the surgical department of the United States as a nurse at the Stanton barracks, Washington, and that she had charge of 80 beds in the Douglass hospital in that city.

AN official canvass of the vote in Pennsylvania shows that Grow received 31,000 fewer votes than were cast for Harrison in 1892. The Democrats stayed at home for two reasons: First because they had no chance, second because of disgust with their party's quarreling at home, shilly-shallying in the senate and filibustering in the House.

A Scene on Centre Street.



WAITING FOR THEIR TURN ON THE NEST.

Washington Letter.

WASHINGTON, D. C., March 3, 1894.—It is not generally known, but it is none the less true, that the remarkable series of caucuses held by the Democratic senators this week on the tariff bill were the direct result of suggestions from President Cleveland before he went away. Several Democratic senators told Mr. Cleveland that they were dissatisfied with the bill as the sub-committee intended to report it to the finance committee, and to each of them he suggested the idea of holding a caucus in order that the bill might be changed sufficiently to receive the solid vote of the Democrats. Senator Vorhees, although satisfied with the bill as arranged by the sub-committee, was perfectly willing that a caucus should pass upon it before it was reported to the full committee. That is why the bill was turned over to the caucus, instead of being reported to the full committee.

While there are some regretable circumstances connected with the holding of so many caucuses, it is far preferable, either from a party or general point of view, that concessions be made in a party caucus than that they be forcibly obtained with the aid of Republican votes on the floor of the senate. Whether the bill as finally reported by the finance committee, to which the caucus returned it, will be a better or worse measure than was the Wilson bill as passed by the House, may be a debatable question, but that the votes of at least 42 out of the 44 Democratic senators will be necessary to pass any tariff bill is a fact, that admits of no debate, since two of the populist senators have said that they would not vote for it unless the sugar schedule is pleasing to them. At this writing every indication points to an agreement that will result in a bill that can be passed by Democratic votes without any aid from the populist senators, and President Cleveland being absent from Washington cannot be charged with influencing the senators, or even trying to do so.

Some Republicans in the House—notably Bingham, of Pennsylvania—are wrothy because Postmaster General Bissell gave the contract for printing postage stamps to the Bureau of Engraving and Printing, notwithstanding the efforts of a well-paid lobby to prevent his saving money for the government by doing so, and some of them are talking about having a congressional investigation. It is little short of nonsensical for Congress to investigate the right of the government to do its own work, but if an investigation would expose the names and methods of the lobby which was employed in this particular case it should by all means be held. I know that neither Postmaster General Bissell, who gave the contract, nor Secretary Carlise, who authorized the Bureau of Engraving to accept the work, would raise any objection. On the contrary, they both could and would, aid a congressional committee in showing up the stamp lobby, which was headed by an ex-member of the cabinet.

Representative Somers, of Wisconsin, who is a personal friend of Judge Jenkins, whose injunction against the right of employes of the U. P. R. R. to strike while the road was in the hands of court receivers, the House Judiciary committee has decided should be investigated, has been hunting up precedents, and he finds that injunctions of a similar nature have been issued by Judge Ricks, in Ohio; Judge William H. Taft, in Pennsylvania; Judge Pardee, in Texas; Judge James H. Beatty, in Idaho; Judge Elmer S. Dundy, in Nebraska, and Justice Brewer, of the U. S Supreme court, while presiding over a court in Missouri. Mr. Somers says he has no objection to an investigation, but that he does object to singling out Judge Jenkins to be investigated when there are so many Judges who issued the same sort of injunctions before he did. "Include them all, and I am ready to vote for the investigation," said Mr. Somers at the conclusion of a conversation on the subject.

A popular bill is that introduced in the House by Representative Byran, of Nebraska, providing an amendment to present law, making the votes of three-fourths of a jury constitute a legal verdict in all civil cases. With that amendment in force hung juries would be almost unheard of in civil cases and the cost of litigation would be largely reduced. The lawyers are about the only people who are likely to oppose the change; it would cut into their fees quite heavily.

Common sense again assumed its sway in the House this week and the Democrats disposed of the Bland bill and ceased to furnish the Republicans with campaign material by again cutting down to business after a tie-up of more than two weeks. Speaker Crisp made a decided hit just before a quorum voted, when asked to enforce the rule compelling members to remain in their seats and to vote when their names were called, by saying in reply: "The chair is the organ of the House, not its master, and as long as the present occupant is in the chair he will never make a rule." M.

A Hazing Outrage.

PHILADELPHIA, March 5.—Near Swarthmore college, Delaware county, last evening, John W. Hutchinson, Jr., had a thrilling experience with college "hazers." He came over from New York to see his best girl, was caught by a lot of students, held down and a half of his mustache shaved off. Then he was dragged, head downward, through the mud, and finally released. Hutchinson, who is an alumnus of Swarthmore, is now a young New York lawyer. He used to be treasurer of the Swarthmore college athletic club. He had warrants issued for five students to-day, but did not press them, for 50 students met and resolved to stand together against him for an alleged old shortage as treasurer. There were 100 students ready to swear that none of the five named in his warrants had hands in the hazing.

Worse Than Smallpox.

WILLIAMSPORT, March 6.—A lad of this town is now suffering from being vaccinated 47 times, and his case is regarded as about as serious as smallpox would be. His name is Werts and his home is on Mulberry street. Recently the school Board ordered all the school children vaccinated, and Werts' little sister was one of the victims. The virus in her arm caused an itching sensation, and on the sly she used her hair brush to alleviate it. At the same time she accommodated her brother, loaning him her brush, which he used in lieu of a regular flesh brush to rub his back. The virus on the brush was effectually introduced in the lad's system, and his parents, becoming frightened, sent for a doctor. He came, shook his head doubtfully and sent for Health Officer Richter and two other physicians. It looked like smallpox, but the little sister divulged her secret, and the whole matter was explained. There are on young Werts' back 47 separate places where the vaccination is getting in its work.

Driven Mad By Spiritualism.

Lockport, N. Y., March 4.—Insanity's blight has fallen simultaneously on three handsome sisters, daughters of Joseph Schenck, a wealthy farmer of Sanborn, and the little village is intensely excited over the tripple misfortune.

Farmer Schenck lived happily with his trio of daughters, Mary, Maria and Ellen, who, being highly accomplished, had many admirers. Of late the young women had been attending spiritualist seances, and a change was noticed in them. Nothing serious was thought of the matter until Saturday evening, when people were startled by seeing three women rushing through the streets clad only in night gowns.

Investigation showed that the Schenck girls had left their rooms, and were fleeing, no one knew where. The neighbors went in chase, and found the three sisters raving maniacs. They were taken back home, where they were put in straight jackets. They will be taken to the Buffalo Insane Asylum. The father is nearly prostrated by the terrible event.

Crank at the White House.

WASHINGTON, March 5.—The periodical crank turned up at the White House again this morning, and, taking advantage of the President's absence, sought to take charge.

At 9 o'clock, an hour before the White House is opened to the public, a wildeyed, commonly dressed man, about 50 years of age, appeared at the entrance and told the waiter man that he had a revelation from God, and had been directed to come here, take charge of the White House and turn it over to the Jews. The Democrats had to go out and the Republicans could not get in, but the third party, to which he belonged, would predominate. The man was not violent, but he was very positive and insisted. While he was talking a telephone brought the police patrol wagon to the door, and the man was arrested and locked up in the Third precinct station. He gave the name of Abraham Julis Kisler, and said he had come from Baltimore.

A Long Time Missing.

Twelve years ago James Erisinger, who now resides near Prospect, Butler county, was driving along the Centerville road in a buckboard, swung underneath which was a nirro-glycerine torpedo, which was being taken to an oil well. The wheel of the vehicle struck a stone, which flew up and struck the loaded torpedo. Strange to say, Erisinger was not killed, but one leg was blown off just below the knee. He was taken home and soon recovered. At the time of the explosion a vain search was made for the missing leg. A day or two ago two boys were hunting ground hogs, in the vicinity of the place where the explosion occurred, when they found the leg lodged in an oak tree. It was dried and hardened, but the flesh was still on the bones. They took the gruesome relic home, and Saturday it was presented to its owner, who gave it an appropriate burial.

Excitement at the Gaylord Mine.

WILKESBARRE, Pa., March 6.—Great excitement took place at the Gaylord shaft at a late hour this afternoon when a rumor gained currency to the effect that the thirteen entombed men had been found. This was suplemented by another at 5 o'clock that tne undertakers had been notified to prepare coffins and have them all ready in an hours notice.

Mine Inspector Williams who was seen later on, said the rescuing party was making good headway, but as yet there was no truth in the report that they had found the men. It is true, however, that the rescuers at work are gradually approaching the point at which the men were working when they were buried beneath the fall, and it now looks as though the remains of the victims may be uncovered almost at any moment should nothing further happen.

She Tried to kill Him.

CLARKSVILLE, TENN., March 4.—Mrs. Ellen Boice attempted the assassination of G. Q. Boyd, a colored lawyer of wide reputation, at 8 o'clock to day. Boyd had some trouble with the woman regarding reports she had circulated against him, and last night he visited her dressmaking establishment and administered a severe whipping. This morning the quarrel was renewed and Boyd whipped her a second time. Securing a revolver, she fired an him twice as he was leaving her place, but missed him. Boyd represented this section at the last Republican national convention, and he is quite a factor in Republican politics all through middle Tennessee. He seconded Harrison's nomination from the Tennessee delegation and was one of the committee that waited upon Whitelaw Reid notifying him of his being the choice for second place.

NEWS AND OTHER NOTINGS.

—W. P. Practiffe, a Populist editor of Kosciuski, Miss., shot and killed S. A. Jackson, a leading politician of the town, and in the duel between them, two bystanders, Sam. Russel and Will Sanders, were mortally wounded, one dying instantly.

—Daniel Tracey, a young man of the town of Richwood, Wis., shot and killed his father, Anthony Tracey, on Tuesday morning. After the shooting he took his rifle, went into the woods, where for a couple of hours he held the officers at bay. He was finally induced by friends to give himself up. He assign no reason for the crime.

—The bodies of the two children of Levi Garrett, of near Lewisburg, who died suddenly a few days ago, have been disinterred. It is feared that they were poisoned. Coroner Pfartzgraff has taken a portion of the intestines of each child to the Maryland university, Baltimore. There are a number of conflicting reports regarding the affair, but no arrests have been made.

—The employes of W. J. Rainey, at the Rainey and Fort Hill coke works, Fayette county to the number of 300 men, have refused to do any more work until they receive the back pay due them and the establishment of a monthly payday in cash. It is stated that the men have received no cash since July last, the employes accepting store orders in part payment. The strikers have sent committees to all of Rainey's coke works asking their co-operation.

—Four men of a gang of mine-shaft sinkers were killed in the Richmond shaft near Scranton on Tuesday. The accident was caused by the falling of rock from the side of the shaft near the bottom and a consequent explosion of a blower of gas. The victims are Thomas Holwil, married, wife and child: Richard Hughes, single, twenty-seven years; James North, single, twenty-nine years; Albert Richards, single, twenty-four years. Five others in the shaft made their escape.

YOU CAN DO IT.

By Snipping and Clipping You Get $24 Value for Ten Cents.

Just think of the delights of trip all over our country from Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico. And just think of being able to do it in easy stages, at ten cents "a stage," including the services of a guide. Yet, that is just what the Pittsburg *Times* proposes to do for you. Realistic pictures from every part of America, done in new process indellable typogravure delineate the journey. The incomparable, world-famed traveler and lecturer, Prof. George R. Cromwell, is the guide. Journalistic enterprise is the conductor of the trip.

"America from Alaska to the Gulf of Mexico" will be published in weekly series of sixteen views (each view 11x13½ inches, fully worth $1.50), and will embrace the physical and scenic wonders of our own land, the whole edited by Prof. G. R. Cromwell. Each series will be enclosed in handsome covers. To any of the readers of the Pittsburg *Times* who will cut out six coupons, differently numbered, and bring or send them to the Pittsburg *Times* office with ten cents to cover cost of handling, the *Times* will give or mail the first series which will be ready March 10th, and which contains the following views: The Capitol, Washington; the Common, Boston; Printing House Square, New York; Seven Falls, Cheyenne Canon, Colorado; Chestnut street, Philadelphia; Yellowstone Falls, Wyoming; Brenton's Cove, Newport; Central Park, Minneapolis; Auditorium Hotel, Chicago; Long Sault Rapids, St. Lawrence river; Temple Square, Salt Lake City; Mountain House, Cresson Springs; Washington Monument, Baltimore; Horse Shoe Falls, Niagara; city of Victoria, B. C., and Sitka, Alaska.

There will be a new series each week and all will be supplied on the same terms. Order the Pittsburg *Times* at once. If there is no agent in your locality write for terms to agents. Sample copies of "America" are on exhibition at all principal news stands.

Shot by Blacklace Robbers.

STROUDSBURG, March 6.—About noon yesterday two men went to the house of John Vallarshamp, in Middle Smithfield township, and demanded his money. Both appeared to be negroes. Vallarshamp, who was the only person in the house, refused to give up his money and resisted the thieves for some time. One of them shot him in the lung, and he may die. During the fight Vallershamp tore the shirt from one of the thieves, and was surprised to find that his body was white and he had blackened his face to disguise himself. The men escaped after the shooting. They were subsequently traced to a swamp several miles from the scene of the shooting.

ADMINISTRATRIX' NOTICE.
Estate of George I. Stever, deceased.
Letters of administration on the estate of George I. Stever, deceased, late of the borough of Lilly, in the county of Cambria and State of Pennsylvania having been granted to me by the register of wills of said county, all persons indebted to said estate are hereby notified to make payment to me without delay, and those who have claims against the said estate will present them properly authenticated for settlement.
LINNIE A. STEVER.
Lilly, Pa., Feb. 27th, 1894. Administratrix.

EXECUTOR'S NOTICE.
Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of John Garman, late of the East ward of Ebensburg, deceased have been granted to me. Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said estate to make payment without delay and those having claims against said estate will present the proper authenticated for settlement. HENRY GARMAN,
Ebensburg, March 9, 1894. Executor.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.
The undersigned having been duly appointed assignee of Andrew Eckenrode and wife, of Carrolltown borough, Pa., in trust for the benefit of creditors, notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to said Andrew Eckenrode to make immediate payment, and persons having claims to present them according to law.
ADAM SCHETTIG,
Carrolltown, Pa., Jan. 26, 1894 6t. Assignee.

WANTED—A SALESMAN, ENERGETIC, pushing and bright to represent the Fonthill Nurseries of Canada, the largest in the Dominion. Over 700 acres of choice stock. Position permanent and lucrative. Our hardy Canadian grown stock sells readily where properly introduced. Send for terms now and secure choice of territory. STONE & WELLINGTON,
feb9.4m. Toronto, Canada.

Miscellaneous Notices.

WE, the undersigned, have had teeth extracted with the use of Odontunder, with out a particle of pain by Dr. Ricsardis, the dentist, and can recommend him to all in need of his professional services.
JAMES A. SINGER, Kaylor Sta.
LLEWELYN FRANCIS.
MARTIN KAGER.
HARRY HUMPHREYS.
WALTER LITZINGER, Loretto.
FRANCIS PAUL.
JANE WILKINSON, Ebensb'rg
WM KIMBALL, Ebensburg.
SAMUEL LATNER, Munster.
March 9, 1894.

MULLEN & SMITH, OF LILLY, PA., WISH to say to their many friends and customers that their entire stock of Clothing and Gents' Furnishing Goods must be reduced before Inventory, which takes place March 15th. Prices no object. The stock must go regardless of cost. Therefore parties desiring to avail themselves of getting goods at their own prices would do well to call and see the above firm.

FOR SALE OR RENT.
The undersigned offers for sale his farm in Cambria township, three miles from Ebensburg, consisting of 175 acres, about 80 acres cleared. The premises are well timbered. If not sold by April 1st will be for rent. Call on or address
NEIL McKAY
March 9, 1894. Ebensburg, Pa.

THE Ebensburg Building & Loan Association will offer for sale at the council chamber, Ebensburg, on the fourth Monday in March, $1,000.00.
THOS. DAVIS,
LESTER LAMMER, Secretary. President.

FURS.
George L. Fredericks, of Ebensburg, pays the highest market price for all kinds of furs.

B. & B.

ABOUT
Winter Dress Woolens

This very large stock in this store is to go—and not to stand upon the order of its going, either. You who are late buyers will reap the harvest, in way of DOWN PRICE. Now, here's one lot—a big lot of

50 INCH
All-Wool Cloth Suitings,

known to the average buyers as Ladies' Cloths. The assortment is very large—about 50 choice colorings—including Oxford or black mixed Cadet or grey mixed and brown-mixed. The universal trade on this fabric to day is 50 cents—but this sale price is

35 CENTS
a yard. Want to see samples? Lot

36 INCH
All-Wool Cloth Plaids,

20 CENTS,
original price, 40 cents.

All FINE IMPORTED DRESS WOOLENS to go on the same basis—
$2.00 ones at $1.00 a yard.
$1.50 ones at 75c. a yard.
$1.00 ones at 50c. a yard.

And every one who buys at this sale of WINTER DRESS WOOLENS—and many of them light enough in texture and color to be worn late in the spring and between seasons, will get more for the money and better value, than was ever sold by this store—and we think also, by any other.

Challies.

The new 1894 printings now on sale. The fine French ones, 50 cents a yard. And a good line of same goods—last season's printings, but choice, nice ones at half this price 25c. and 25c.

Enquire of our MAIL ORDER Department (and see samples) about the sale of 195 pieces

Imported Printed
INDIA SILKS,

a good, firm cloth 21½ inches wide—50 cent silks
AT 35 CENTS.

It will profit you more this year than ever to TRADE AT THESE STORES.

BOGGS & BUHL,
115, 117 & 119 Federal Street,
ALLEGHENY, PA.

LARRABEE'S
RHEUMATIC LINIMENT
OR
PAIN - EXTRACTOR
CURES
RHEUMATISM, LUMBAGO, NEURALGIA, TOOTHACHE, BACKACHE, CATARRH,
AND ALL KINDS OF
PAINS AND ACHES.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is an old and valued remedy, which has enjoyed a constant patronage for over 60 years, proving its wonderful worth and efficiency in all ailments where pain is attendant.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is not a liquid preparation to soil and tarnish by breaking; it is put up in wide-mouth bottles and applied with the finger, rubbing it in with more or less friction. It is
CLEAN, PURE, EFFICACIOUS, AGREEABLY SMELLING, QUICK ACTING.

Larrabee's Rheumatic Liniment is a splendid household remedy for external use in cases of burns, scalds, cuts, wounds, frostbites, headache, pains in muscles, joints and limbs, backache, etc., etc. Your druggist sells it, or it can be ordered by sending full name and address and 25 cents to below address.

SOLE PROPRIETORS,
Winkelmann & Brown Drug Co.
BALTIMORE, MD., U. S. A.
feb9.1y.

OILS! OILS!

The Atlantic Refining Co., of Pittsburg, Pa., make a specialty of manufacturing for the domestic trade the finest brands of
Illuminating and Lubricating Oils, Naphtha and Gasoline
That can be
MADE FROM PETROLEUM.

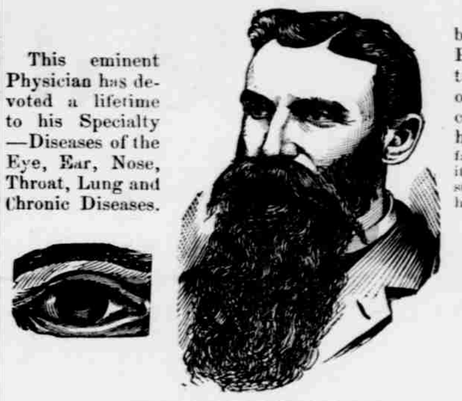
We challenge comparison with every known product of petroleum. If you wish the most
Most : Uniformly : Satisfactory : Oils
in the market ask for ours.
ATLANTIC REFINING CO.,
PITTSBURG DEPT.,
PITTSBURG, PA.
oct18-89-1yr.

CANN'S KIDNEY CURE.
Cures Bright's Disease, Dropsy, Gravel, Nervousness, Heart, Urinary or Liver Diseases. Known by a tired, languid feeling; inaction of the kidneys weakens and poisons the blood, and unless cause removed you cannot have health. Cured me over five years ago of Bright's Disease and Dropsy.—Mrs. E. L. C. MILLER, Bethlehem, Pa. 1,000 other other similar testimonials. Try it. Cure guaranteed.
Cann's Kidney Cure Co.,
720 Venango street, Philadelphia, Pa.
Sold by all reliable druggists. 4.21.93

DR. BUCK,
SURGEON and SPECIALIST.
Treatment of all Chronic Afflictions, Diseases of Women and troubles requiring Surgical Aid. Office hours up to 9 A. M., 1 to 3 and 7 to 8 P. M.
1222 12TH AVENUE, ALTOONA, PA.
jan15.9m

DR. MORITZ SALM,

This eminent Physician has devoted a lifetime to his Specialty—Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat, Lung and Chronic Diseases.



The Doctor has been for years a Professor and lecturer in several of our largest Medical Colleges, and has earned great fame as an authority and author on all subjects concerning his specialty.

CAMBRIA HOUSE, EBENSBURG, PA.,
Mondays, January 1, 29; February 26, March 26, April 23, May 21, June 18, July 16, August 13, September 10, October 8, November 5, December 3 and 31 till 3 P. M.

GRAND CENTRAL HOTEL, JOHNSTOWN, PA.,
Opposite the Pennsylvania Depot,
Tuesdays, January 2, 30; February 27, March 27, April 24, May 22, June 19, July 17, August 14, September 11, October 9, November 6, December 4.

GALLITZIN HOUSE, GALLITZIN, PA.,
Wednesdays, December 27, January 24, February 21, March 21, April 18 May 16, June 13, July 11, August 8, September 5, October 3, 31, November 28.

ALL EYE OPERATIONS SUCCESSFULLY PERFORMED BY HIM

After having tried five different doctors and a wagon load of different patent medicines, grew worse and worse, and was at last cured by Dr. Salm.
J. A. GRAMLEY, D. S.
Reberaburg, Centre county, Pa.

Deafness cured by Dr. Salm after a great many others had failed.
For quite a time I have been almost totally deaf from catarrh, particularly in my left ear, which seemed dead, and the right one not worth much. My ears gradually became affected to such a degree that the hearing in one ear was almost totally gone and bad in the other one. I became very much alarmed, so I went to Dr. Salm for treatment, and improvement was rapid from the beginning. It's now very seldom that I take a cold and it must be a very faint sound that I cannot hear with either ear. I feel better all around and confess myself satisfied with the treatment. FRANK MULLEN.
Ebensburg, Pa.

For eighteen years totally blind.—Dr. Salm through his wonderful skill gave me sight.
For more than eighteen years I have been totall blind in my right eye, cause by a piece of wood striking the same. I was told I could never be made to see again out of the eye, but Dr. Salm told me that the injury had produced cataract and that he would guarantee me to see. I gave him my case, and bles my stars that I did so, for to day, though it is wonderful to relate I can see once more out of the heretofore blind eye after more than eighteen years' darkness. Friends and those who know me will bear witness to the above, and think there is no discount on Dr. Salm's wonderful skill.
JONN MORNINGRED.
Tyrone, Pa.

Examination and consultation free to everybody. 25. Our Advertisement Will Appear Twice Before Each Visit. Address all Communications to Box 760.

TO THE
CASH BUYERS
OF
CAMBRIA COUNTY.

We extend an invitation to visit our Large Dry Goods Store on Main street Gallitzin. We carry by far the Largest and Cheapest Line of Dress Goods in town. Dress Goods from 12½c. per yard up to the Finest Henriettas, Cashmeres, Serges and Cloths, Fancy and Stylish Notions, men's Shirts and Underwear, ladies' and children's Underwear at Low Prices. Fine line of Rubber Goods. Can sell you Blue Prints at 5c.—the kind for which other stores charge 7c. Lancaster gingham, 6c. per yard. Yard wide muslin at 5c. per yard. Blankets from $1.00 per pair to the finest in the market. Full line ladies' and men's Shoes.

Good, comfortable place to try your Shoes on. With plenty of daylight in our store you can see what you are getting.

In a word come and see our stock. As we buy for cash and sell for cash we can save you money.

THOS. BRADLEY,
CHEAPEST CASH STORE,
GALLITZIN, PA.

Too Many Goods!

OWING to a miscalculation and too much warm weather I have about Ten Thousand Dollars' worth too many heavy goods which will be sold at prices that will astonish you. Never before in the history of Cambria county has Clothing been offered at such low prices. Nearly everyone in Northern Cambria knows that my prices have always been the lowest for good goods in the State, and this Cut has knocked the bottom out of all former prices. My loss will be your gain.

For the next 30 DAYS I will sell Heavy Clothing, Overcoats and Underwear at 20 per cent. less than they cost to be manufactured. Call and see me.

Very Respectfully,
C. A. SHARBAUGH,
Carrolltown.

For All the News
Read the Freeman.

Cambria Freeman.

EBENSBURG, CAMBRIA CO., PA.

FRIDAY, - - - - MARCH 9, 1894.

LOCAL AND PERSONAL.

—This appears to be the lamb-like end of March.

—Now is the time to trim your trees and shrubs.

—Stick a pin in your almanac for the "Lost in London" date.

—Frank Powers, of Cresson, spent a few hours in town on Monday.

—Mr. M. D. Will, of Ashville, was a visitor to Ebensburg on Tuesday.

—Mr. Edward Nagle, of Clearfield township, was in town on Thursday.

—Mr. G. G. Lumadue, of Delany, spent a few hours in town on Saturday.

—Mr. John D. Lantzy, of Barr township, dropped in to see us on Monday.

—Mr. James. Itel, of Portage, spent a few hours in town on Thursday.

—"Lost in London" at the Ebensburg Opera House on Monday, March 12.

—The Methodists, of this place, have in contemplation the building of a church.

—Charles B. Moore, of Cresson, an old time Ebensburger, was in town on Friday.

—Mrs. William French died at her home in South Fork on Wednesday of last week, aged 66 years.

—The *Gosling* is still blowing its own horn. What a great institution it is in its own estimation.

—Three hundred chairs have been placed in the lecture room of the new school building in this place.

—A couple of men from Patton were in town on Tuesday soliciting aid for the miners in that vicinity.

—Daniel J. Jones, one of Cambria township's oldest citizens, is seriously ill, with little hopes of recovery.

—The new town down the Blacklick formerly known as Barker City, has been christened as "Vinton."

—On Tuesday night a special train brought in twenty-eight laborers to go to work on the new railroad.

—"Drugs" says he will have the *Gosling's* office moved to Lovel Park this summer and let them both grow up together.

—E. B. Cresswell will run a telephone line down the new railroad to Barker City. Work was commenced on the line on Monday.

—Ireuas Gray, of Carrolltown, second son of ex-Sheriff Gray, has commenced the study of law of with F. A. Shoemaker, Esq., of this place.

—George Huntley, the well-known hardware merchant of this place, who has been laid up for several weeks with the grip, is again able to be out.

—A little son of S. D. Ludwig, of the 1st ward, had one of his hands badly bruised by the falling of a window sash at his home on Monday.

—The Westmoreland license court, which meets on March 26, will pass upon 8 applications for distiller's license, 6 for brewer's and 123 for retail license.

—Hon. John P. Jones, of Terre Alta, W. Va., was in town on Monday, being called here to see his father, Daniel J. Jones, of Cambria township, who is seriously ill.

—One day last week the dwelling house of A. T. Strittmatter, at Hastings, was discovered to be on fire, but the prompt application of water soon ended the flames.

—Miss Annie Cassidy, of Altoona, who had been visiting a sister at Dean station, this county, died at the home of the latter one day last week after a short illness.

—Mr. John Biter, of Portage, while in town in attendance at court on Wednesday afternoon, lost his pocketbook containing five hundred dollars in money and a lot of valuable papers.

—Thomas H. Heist, of Harrisburg, proprietor of Maple Park, arrived in town on Tuesday and spent several days in making directions for the opening up of his big hotel when the season opens.

—Mr. Michael Storm, one of Cresson's well known and esteemed citizens, died at his home in that place on Tuesday, aged about 50 years. The deceased leaves a wife and large family to mourn his death.

—J. H. Lovell, of Reade township, while engaged in hauling sawdust, was jolted from his wagon on Monday last and thrown under the wheels which passed over his legs. He escaped with a few bruises.

—A very good sandwich can be made by placing a slice of cooked meat between two nice pieces of bread or biscuit. If the meat is not good—not well baked—place the meat on each side, *a la* the office of the *Gosling*.

—The people residing in the vicinity of Wilmore have sent in a petition to the post office department asking to have the post office at that point re-established, about two years ago the post office at Platt was abandoned.

—Aaron Lahey, Esq., of Lilly, was in town on Friday. Squire Lahey enjoys the distinction of having been a candidate at the late election in three different districts, which was not his fault, however, but the fault of the bungled ballots.

—John Zipp and George Hartzinger, two witnesses who failed to answer when called into court on Monday, were brought in on an attachment and fined five dollars and costs. Judge Barker afterward remitted the fine but they had to pay the costs of attachment.

—The large frame barn of S. Lincoln Zeiger, of East Providence township, Bedford county, with all grain, hay and other stuff and several head of sheep and young cattle and a new buggy, was destroyed by fire on Tuesday of last week. Cause of fire unknown. No insurance.

—Sylvester Sprinstael, a colored citizen of Johnstown, was brought to jail on Saturday to enjoy a three months inning in the county jail. Sylvester had threatened to kill Joseph Reynolds, and not being able to furnish bail for his good behavior, was sentenced to three months in jail.

—James E. Mitchell, of Punxsutawney, died on Sunday very suddenly. He was 68 years old and one of the most prominent men in the county. For years he was extensively engaged in the lumber business, had served as associate judge and held a number of other positions of trust.

—The Republicans in this county are urging Daniel H. Hastings for governor "by reason of his services to the citizens of the Susquehanna Valley in May, 1889." As he was not in the Conemaugh Valley on May, 1889, it behooves our erring brethren to post themselves up better on public affairs.

—While shooting at sparrows in his yard with an old "powder and ball" pistol on Monday, Frank Prinz, aged 76 years, one of the oldest and best known citizens of Newport, accidentally shot himself in the stomach. He walked into the house and fell dead without uttering a word.

—A serious riot was threatened at Patton last week on account of some miners going to work and accepting monthly pay instead of every two weeks. Sheriff Shuman was sent for on Friday but we believe up to this date there has been no acts although some of the miners are still threatening mood.

—Some geese can be located by their "droppings."

—There were a large number of people in attendance at court this week, and contrary to the usual custom, very few drunks.

—The new borough officers were ushered into their respective offices on Monday. The first thing to stare them in the face is the "cow question."

—John F. Stull, a well-known farmer of Adams township, captured the prize offered by a Philadelphia seed firm for the best sample of fifteen varieties of vegetables.

—The *Gosling* devotes half a column this week in telling what a great establishment the home of the *Gosling* is and that it is no place for chickens to roost. Bipeds of the *Gosling* variety don't roost. They squat.

—A fight between a number of tramps near Tyrone on Friday last resulted in the shooting and probably fatal injury of two of them. One was found stretched across the railroad track, badly hurt, and had been put there by his companions so that he might be run over by the next train and killed.

—On Tuesday afternoon a nine-year-old son of John Hovanetz, of Johnstown, while returning home from school, jumped on a wagon for a ride. When he got off he failed to notice a rapidly moving street car and stepped directly in front of it. His body was horribly mangled and death was almost instantaneous.

—On Tuesday afternoon five Dunkard converts were immersed in the Stonycreek river at Johnstown by Rev. Annias Myers, a large crowd of people witnessing the ceremony. The persons baptized were Mr. and Mrs. J. Kihl, of East Conemaugh; Harry Barclay, of Roxbury, and Edward Livingston, of Johnstown.

—Superintendent of Public Instruction Schaeffer has notified the directors of certain school districts in the state that the failure to teach physiology in the schools as required by the act of April 2, 1885, is cause for forfeiture of state appropriation. It appears that certain districts have not been teaching this branch.

—The Blair county license court meets on Monday, March 26th. There are 97 applications for tavern licenses and 5 applications for brewery licenses. Seventy-two applicants want to conduct hotels in Altoona. This is an increase over last year's applications of about 25 per cent. in the county and 20 per cent. in Altoona.

—David E. Kitchell, a venerable and highly esteemed citizen of Altoona, employed as a watchman at No. 1 Roundhouse in that city, was knocked down and run over by an engine on Friday afternoon and nearly cut in twain. Mr. Kitchell was in the seventy-fourth year of his age, and is survived by two sons and two daughters.

—A fire in Altoona on Sunday morning destroyed James McCoy's livery stable, F. G. Vallade's brick house and a dwelling house occupied by David Dunmire. In the livery stable five sleighs, three buggies, a hack and several tons of hay were destroyed, but the horses were saved. Total loss, $15,000; insurance, $9,000. Mr. McCoy was a former resident of Allegheny township, in this county.

—While in a fit of despondency caused by brooding over the loss of his wife, and a failure to secure a satisfactory person to look after his four small children, Jacob Wadlinger, a leading citizen of Houtzdale, Clearfield county, a member of the town council and treasurer of the Emerald Society, hanged himself late on Wednesday night, from the transom over a door in Liederanz hall.

—One night last week a large barn belonging to George Cramer, near Big Run, Clinton county, was destroyed by fire. Three horses, twenty-four sheep, two buggies, two farm wagons, twenty-five tons of hay, seventy-five bushels of oats, reaper, mower, harness and farming implements were also destroyed. Loss, $3,500; insurance, $1,500. The fire is believed to be of incendiary origin, as when discovered the barn was burning in four places.

—On Saturday morning burglars entered the store of Laurence Kimmel in Altoona and stole about $200 worth of goods. After they had secured all the goods they could carry, one of them cut off a piece of cheese, and taking a bite from it, laid down the piece when he left. It was found the next morning and showed that the man who bit the piece out was minus a front tooth. Acting on this clue, James Terry, a colored man, was arrested on Monday, and the stolen goods recovered.

—A dispatch from Hollidaysburg on Tuesday says: The breech between the Blair county auditors and the board of poor directors was widened to-day. Evidence was produced tending to show that one of the directors had charged excessive prices on the new almshouse contract; had given elaborate wedding presents to the daughter of a former steward and had charged the bill to the county. The auditors directed the builder of the almshouse to refund $1,600, the amount of overpayments on the contract.

—Hiram Yoder, a young man whose home is in Somerset county, but who has been working at his trade as a carpenter at Morrellville for some time past, on Wednesday afternoon started to walk from Morrellville to Johnstown along the railroad. Shortly after he started a freight train came along and he attempted to board it. In the attempt he missed his hold and was thrown under the wheels, which passed over both his legs, and they were ground off. He was taken to the Cambria hospital where both legs were amputated.

—The *Herald* this week say the late Republican convention was not held in the Court House to save the $7.50. It was pure patriotism. All the same it was saved and Congressman Hicks, who paid for the transportation of the delegates, was not called upon to ante up the rent for the Opera House. As to the rebuke the editor of the FREEMAN received, as mentioned in the *Herald*, in being turned down in the postoffice fight, it is not so very long since the editor of the *Herald* got the same rebuke. Instead of being turned down, however, Messrs. Barkers did not allow him even to turn up.

—We have seen quite a number of watch chains about town ornamented with a neat, little charm in the shape of a watch case opener, which obviates the use of a knife or finger-nail to open the watch. We have just received one, too. They are sent free on request by the Keystone Watch Case Company, of Philadelphia, Pa., the largest watch case manufacturing concern in the world. They are the makers of the celebrated Jas. Boss cases, the only filled cases which are fitted with the world-famed Non-pull-out bow (ring). The company does not sell at retail, but its goods are sold by our jewelers.

—John Kells, a young man who was employed as a laborer on the New Florence wreck train, was killed on Sunday evening at 6:20 o'clock, on the Pennsylvania railroad, about half a mile east of the New Florence station. He had boarded an eastbound freight train at New Florence, intending to spend the evening at Nineveh. Just how he met his death will likely never be known, but it is thought he was in the act of alighting from the train to get his hat, which had blown off his head. He was on a refrigerator car, and the trainmen think that he was climbing down the end of it when he was knocked off. The train was stopped soon after he fell. His neck was broken and his body badly crushed.

Court Proceedings.

Court met on Monday with Judge Barker on the bench.

Four Hungarians were tried for assault and battery but were found not guilty but that they pay two-thirds of the costs and the prosecutor the other.

Commonwealth vs. Joseph Malcomson, adultry and bigamy. Defendant plead guilty to the former charge. Sentenced to pay a fine of $50 and costs and to one year in the penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. Almina Wertz, fornication, *nolle pros.* entered.

Commonwealth vs. Michael Priest, arson. Grand jury ignored the bill.

Commonwealth vs. Thomas Murray, burglary, larceny and receiving stolen goods. Jury found defendant not guilty on the first and second counts and guilty on the third count.

Commonwealth vs. Charles Heinze and Henry Keizer, larceny. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay a fine of $5 and costs and to each undergo an imprisonment of one year and two months in the penitentiary.

Commonwealth vs. William Proctor and John Ashley, larceny. Jury find defendants not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. James Brady, larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. William Seivers, adultry. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Commonwealth vs. John Lucas, fornication. Defendant plead not guilty and was sentenced to pay a fine of $25 and costs.

Commonwealth vs. Andrew Pinkerton, receiving stolen goods. Defendant plead guilty. Sentenced to pay the costs and further sentence suspended.

Commonwealth vs. John Boshy et al., larceny. Jury find defendant not guilty.

Low Rate Excursions to Washington.

The two remaining excursions to the capital will be run on March 22nd and April 19th, and judging from the extensive patronage accorded previous trips there is liklihood of there being even a greater number of people who will avail themselves of the extremely low rate in effect for this popular series. The entertainment afforded by a visit to the handsomest city in the Union, and the educational benefits following an inspection of the architectural achievements and other attractions there, will more than repay the journey which, in any event is rendered exceedingly pleasant by the admirable train service of the Pennsylvania Railroad Company. A stop-off at Baltimore will be allowed within the limit, which is ten days, and return trip may be made on any regular train within the prescribed time. The tickets will be sold and the special train of parlor cars and day coaches will leave as per the schedule below.

	Rate.	Train leaves.
Johnstown	$7.35	10:22 A. M.
Cresson	7.35	11:12 "
Altoona	7.35	12:05 P. M.
Washington	Arrive	7:45 "

No Rush to Get Married.

One day last week, says the Freeport *Journal*, a party named Rosenberger called at the office of the register and recorder at Kittanning and asked if he could get a duplicate marriage license, for the reason that he had lost the original. The genial Slaymaker, surnamed Bob, asked him when he had gotten his license. "In February, 1893," quoth Rosenberger. "A year ago," yelled Bob. "Why, my dear man, the woman would never wait on you that long. She is no doubt spliced to some other fellow who is not quite so slow as you are." "Oh! No!" drawled the hayseed, "We didn't wait. We have been living together ever since and have one boy but we thought maybe it would be as well to get married now, if we could get another license, seein' as how we can't find the old one." He was told to take another look for the old one and left for that purpose. He was under the impression that the license gave them the right to live together, and the marriage ceremony might be performed at any time thereafter.

Marriage Licenses.

The following marriage licenses were issued by the Clerk of the Orphans' Court for the week ending Wednesday, March 7, 1894.

Herman G. Eshrick, Johnstown, and Anna Trent, Somerset, Pa.

Otto O. Yingling, Johnstown, and Sarah Sedose Mowrey, Upper Yoder township.

Edward W. Reighard and Perlena Lint, Adams township.

J. E. Clawson, Indiana county, Pa., and Catharine Harvey, Johnstown.

James I. Weaver and May Plummer, Summerhill township.

J. H. Oyler and Nellie Bostard, Lower Yoder township.

Merley A. Miller, Morrellville, and Lucy Kels, Jackson township.

Charles E. Page and Mary E. Rose, Mineral Point.

Wye E. Moser and Millie May Blanche Marsh, Johnstown.

H. M. Luther, Scalp Level, and Mary Jane Wingard, Richland township.

Of Interest to Coal Operators.

The case pending in the United States circuit court at Philadelphia in which R. B. Wigton & Sons are plaintiffs vs. the Pennsylvanig Railroad Company, for alleged discrimination against the shipments of bituminous coal, is of immense interest to the coal men of western Pennsylvania. The claim is made that for eleven months past the railroad people have had secret deals with the Berwind-White Coal Mining Company with its numerous subordinate concerns, the Punxsutawney Coal Company, the Sterling Company, W. H. Piper & Co., J. C. Scott & Sons and others, by which they have had the best of the shipment business as against other operating concerns. The Berwind-White Company's present capital stock is $2,000,000. It is the biggest single company doing business in the bituminous regions of Pennsylvania.

Ladies and Leap Year Proposals.

Why ladies are permitted to propose in leap year is answered by a contemporary as follows:

"It appears that in the year 1288 a statute was published in the Scotch parliament ordaining that during the reign of 'Her Maist Blessit Majestie Margaret' every maiden and lady of high and low estate should have liberty to speak to the man she liked. If he refused to take her to be be his wife she should have the privilege fining him £100 or less, according to his estate, unless he could make it appear that he was betrothed to another woman, in which case he would be free to refuse. After the death of Magaret, the women of Scotland became clamorous for their privileges, and to appease them another act of parliment allowed them to propose every fourth year."

"Lost in London."

Newton Beers will open his engagement at the Ebensburg Opera House on Monday night in "Lost in London," an English melodrama. The piece abounds in strong climaxes throughout. The comedy element is of the highest order and sufficient to please the most fastidious. The company carries all their own special scenery and stage settings, which add much to the attractiveness of the production. Mr. Beers is an untiring and conscientious actor, and is deserving of the success he has made with this production. He has surrounded himself with a strong supporting company, and endeavors to give theatre-going public what he advertises.

—Wilbur Crotzer, of Seventeenth ward, Johnstown, fell while taking a walk on Sunday last and broke his right arm near the wrist.

Highest of all in Leavening Power.—Latest U. S. Gov't Report.

Royal Baking Powder

ABSOLUTELY PURE

The Wet and the Dry.

On Tuesday Judge Barker filed his decision on the license applications in this county. There were 245 applications in all, of which 183 were granted, 2 withdrawn, 9 held over and 51 refused. The following is a list of those granted, refused and held over.

GRANTED.

Adams township—C. J. Duncan.

Ashville—Levi Burket, James Hanlin, D. G. Myers.

Barr township—Harry A. Luther.

Carroll township—John D. Thomas, Matthew Weakland.

Carrolltown—Mrs. B. A. Bloom, brewer; C. A. Farabaugh, brewer; V. Reig & J. D. Dumm, wholesale; Albert Flick, John Glasser, Andrew H. Haug. Julius Rager, Vincent J. Stoltz, Lawrence Schroth.

Chest Springs—W. J. O'Donnell.

Chest township—John R. Cordell, Chas. Rhody.

Clearfield township—George Harber, S. P. Nagle.

Croyle township—A. L. Dimond.

Conemaugh township—Lawrence Kost, brewer.

Cresson township—B. P. Anderson, John H. Clark, W. R. Dunham, John McNally, J. F. Yeckley.

Dean township—W. G. Snyder.

Dale—Peter C. Ott, Geo. S. Schaeffer.

East Conemaugh—Silas Ream, G. J. Wentroth, Geo. A. Confer.

Ebensburg—J. B. Denny, Albert E. Bender, P. F. Brown and L. A. Craver.

Elder township—Jacob W. Anna, Francis X. Ott.

Gallitzin—Francis N. Burk, R. E. Dignan, M. Fitzharris, F. P. Gillen, Joseph M. Gunning, Allen H. Heist, wholesale; Arnold Lentz, D. Lutz & Son, wholesale; John Logue, Anthony Padula, bottler; L. C. Rockefeller, wholesale; Henry Seymore, George Yeckley, Jr., wholesale.

Gallitzin township—John A. McGiven.

Hastings—E. L. Beckwith, S. H. Charles, wholesale; Marshall Gilpatrick, Charles Kinney, Andrew Lantzy, Elmer E. Nagle, Michael H. Nagle, W. L. Nicholson, J. M. Notley, John A. Park, William Townsend Frank Wargo.

Johnstown, Second ward—Joseph Crouse, Fred. W. Speck, John Frank, John E. Hasson, John B. Small, Joseph Beiter, John Raab & Son, wholesale.

Johnstown, Third ward—Chas. H. Rush, John Murton, John J. Hornick, Charles Maneval, W. J. Milligan, Joshua Griffith, Charles Faber, R. E. Lamberd, John James and Emanuel James, Jr., David Kirby, John Horten, Enoch Jones, Obadiah Custer, James J. Milligan, John V. Shaffer, John and George W. Ludwig, wholesale; Fisher & Co., wholesale; Costlow & Hite, wholesale.

Johnstown, Fourth ward—Joseph T. Kelly, Francis E. Kelly, Eckhard Pfiel, William Thomas, wholesale.

Johnstown, Seventh ward—John C. Gerhardt, John Emmerling, brewer.

Johnstown, Eighth ward—William A. Sheeler.

Johnstown, Ninth ward—Wm. F. Burgraf, John Gaus, Philip Hertzinger, A. K. Geiselhart, John Beuler, John Bischof, George Held.

Johnstown, Tenth ward—John Zobel, John Schonhardt, Peter Murton, Benjamin Kist; brewer, Lambert & Kress.

Johnstown, Twelfth ward—Thomas Riley, Frank Flinn.

Johnstown, Thirteenth ward—M. F. Murphy, Thos. D. Broderick, Emanuel James, Sr., Morgan O'Brien, Phœnix Brewing Company, wholesale

Johnstown, Fourteenth ward—James P. Burns, Mark Laffy, Edward Rodgers.

Johnstown, Fifteenth ward—John Lorditch, Michael P. Boyle, Michael Laffy, James Cush, Bernard McCrory, P. J. McLaughlin, Goenner & Co., brewers; Solomon Holtzman, wholesale.

Johnstown, Sixteenth ward—Peter Roth, August Heine, John Mardis, Henry Saly, John C. Blimmel, John Burkhard, Bauerlein Brewing Co., wholesale.

Loretto—C. F. O'Donnell.

Lilly—George Brant, C. A. George, Otto F. Kelly, Blair Short.

Morrellville—A. J. Leonard.

Patton—H. C. Beck, Ed. Mellon, J. M. Robinson, Simon M. Wilson.

Portage—Albert Diehl.

Portage township—W. H. Edwards, J. W. Franey.

Reade township—J. Wilson Allen, Wm. A. Chaplin, John McMullen, Michael Schell.

Richland township—Bernard Nees, John Haughton.

Spangler—Francis H. Rearer, Geo. C. Brandon, Joseph A. Kirkpatrick, M. C. Westover.

Stonycreek township—Charles C. Menoher, John Metzler.

South Fork—Charles N. Crouse, W. W. Baker.

Summerhill—John Griffith, Francis Kurtz, J. D. Wentroth.

Susquehanna township—Thomas Brown, Joseph H. Spiece, John Hindle, Simon P. Lantzy.

Tunnelhill—Joseph A. Bertram, John Goldy, John J. Kinney, R. J. Plunket, wholesale.

Washington township—Frank Leap, Martin Leap, R. D. Likens, R. J. McNally, Thomas O'Brien, wholesale.

White township—Eli Smith.

Wilmore—Conrad Wentroth, I. W. Holder.

Lower Yoder township—John E. Fees, Peter J. Culliton.

Upper Yoder township—James M. Gillespie, subject to rule to show cause.

REFUSED.

Adams township—S. B. Vanorsdall.

Carroll township—William Brown.

Cresson township—T. F. O'Donnell, M. Wenter & Bros., wholesale.

Dean township—S. A. Cooper, T. A. Donahay.

Gallitzin—Charles Drass, Henry Shook.

Hastings—John A. Platt.

Johnstown—John B. Small, Second ward; Bergdoll Brewing Co., C. J. Hoffman, wholesale; Joseph Riehl, Robert Sagerson, Third ward; Ferd Schmidt, Jacob Meier, Fourth ward; Nicholas Blum, Henry Shaffer, Sixth ward; Thomas R. Daily, Tenth ward; John Rodgers, Fourteenth ward; James P. Green, John P. Kintz, Charles C. McCrory, Fifteenth ward.

Lilly—Andrew Bost, Cornelius Mulherin, Robert Smith, James A. Burke, Theodore Sell, wholesale.

Morrellville—Francis Leckey.

Patton—John Kudruff, E. D. Curran, Walter J. Weakland, Charles A. Langbein, Samuel Kelly and John Boyce, Peter P. Young, Joseph F. Marks, John F. Bonner.

Portage—Hugh Canavan, David W. Martin, John Armstrong, G. W. Shiffler.

Stonycreek township—John J. Hughes, wholesale.

South Fork—James Mangus, John M. Paul, William Yeckley, all wholesale.

Susquehanna township—Jacob C. Connor, Robert F. Notley, M. C. Weakland, Henry McAnulty.

Spangler—Fred Radcliffe.

HELD OVER.

Chest township—Joseph Hipps.

Johnstown, Second ward—John Kirby, Jr.

Upper Yoder township—August Hochstein.

South Fork—A. O. Brown, C. A. Pringle.

Carrolltown—John J. Haug.

Portage—John F. Beitler, Peter Seymore.

Lilly—Robert Smith.

NOTICE OF APPEALS.

THE Commissioners of Cambria county will be at their office in Ebensburg to hear appeals from all persons to whom real estate has been assessed, *acquired by them since the last Triennial Assessment.* Also from persons assessed with money at interest taxable for State revenue purposes, and also for making corrections in the Military Rolls for the year A. D. 1894.

ON MONDAY, MARCH 26.

Allegheny township.
Ashville borough.
Barr township.
Chest Springs borough.
Chest township.
Clearfield township.
Carrolltown borough.
Dean township.
Elder township.
Susquehanna township.
Spangler borough.

ON TUESDAY, MARCH 27.

Carroll township.
Gallitzin borough.
Gallitzin township.
Hastings borough.
Loretto borough.
Patton borough.
Tunnelhill borough.
Reade township.
White township.

ON WEDNESDAY, MARCH 28.

Adams township.
Blacklick township.
Cresson township.
Croyle township.
Cambria township.
East Conemaugh borough.
Ebensburg borough
Jackson township.

ON THURSDAY, MARCH 29.

Franklin borough.
Munster township.
Portage township.
Portage borough.
Lilly borough.
South Fork borough.
Summerhill township.
Summerhill borough.
Washington township.
Wilmore borough

ON FRIDAY, MARCH 30.

Conemaugh township.
Daisytown borough.
Dale borough.
Coopersdale borough.
East Taylor township.
Morrellville borough.
Lower Yoder township.
Richland township.
Stonycreek township.
Upper Yoder township.
West Taylor township.
Westmont borough.

ON SATURDAY, MARCH 30.

Johnstown City.

N. B.—No abatement will be made on valuations of real estate or monies at interest after the above dates.

Attest:
JOHN C. GATES,
Clerk.

J. G. LLOYD,
P. E. DILLON,
GEO. M. WERTZ,
Commissioners.

Commissioners' office, March 9, 1894.

JOHN PFISTER,

DEALER IN

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,

Hardware, Queensware,

MADE-UP CLOTHING,

BOOTS AND SHOES,

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

VEGETABLES IN SEASON,

HARNESS, ETC.,

OPPOSITE JUNCTION HOTEL,

CRESSON, PA.

ma92:20ly

S. L. REED. MATTHOT READE.

REED & READE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, - - - PENNA.

Office on Centre street. [4:28 95

KITTELL & LITTLE,

Attorneys at Law,

EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Opera House. 2.9.94

T. W. DICK,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENN'A

Special attention to given claims for Pension Bounty, etc ebT-'86

J. F. McKENRICK,
ATTORNEY AND COUNSELLOR AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, - PA

Office on Centre street.

H. H. MYERS,
ATTORNEY-AT-LAW,
EBENSBURG, PA.

Office in Collonade Row, on Centre street.

DONALD E. DUFTON,
ATTORNEY-AT LAW,
EBENSBURG, PENNA.

Office in Opera House, Center street.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.

Schedule in effect November 19, 1893.

Connections at Cresson.

EAST.

Seashore Express	6 25 a m
Altoona Accommodation	9 15 a m
Main Line Express	11 04 a m
Altoona Express	1 00 p m
Mail Express	5 17 p m
Philadelphia Express	8 12 p m

WEST.

Johnstown Accommodation	8 14 a m
Pacific Express	8 57 a m
Way Passenger	2 36 p m
Mail Train	4 26 p m
Johnstown Accommodation	8 34 p m

Ebensburg Branch.

Trains leaves as follows: 7.20, 10.20 a. m., and 3.30 p. m. and arrive at Cresson at 7.57, 10.55 a. m. and 4.05 p. m. Leave Cresson at 9.30, 11.30 a. m and 5.30 p. m., and arrive at Ebensburg at 10.05 a. m. and 12.15 and 6.05 p. m.

Cresson and Clearfield.

Leave Irvona at 6.45 a. m. and 2.40 p. m. arriving at Cresson at 8.05 a. m. and 4 p. m. Leave Cresson 9.35 a. m. and 5.25 p. m., arriving at Irvona at 10.55 a. m. and 6.45 p. m.

For rates, maps, etc., call on agent or address THOS. E. WATT, P. A. W. D., 110 Fifth Ave., Pittsburg, Pa.

S. M. PREVOST, General Manager.
J. R. WOOD, General Manager.

To Investors.

WHY go away from home to seek investments when you can buy Pennsylvania First Mortgage securities on the Cash or Monthly Payment plan and which will net you twenty per cent. on your money? For particulars call on or address H. A. ENGLEHART, Ebensburg, Pa.

Aug. 5, 1892.

ASSIGNEE'S NOTICE.

Notice is hereby given that Joseph Bengele, of Gallitzin Borough, Cambria county, Pa., and Mary A., his wife, by deed of voluntary assignment, have assigned all the estate, real and personal, of the said Joseph Bengele to W. J. Buck, of Allegheny township, in said county, in trust for the benefit of the creditors of the said Joseph Bengele. All persons, therefore, indebted to the said Joseph Bengele will make payment to the said Assignee, and those having claims or demands will make known the same without delay. W. J. BUCK,

Feb. 23, 1894. Assignee.

NOTICE.

We, the undersigned, hereby all persons not to hunt, fish or trespass in any way on our premises, as we will prosecute to the full extent of the law.

H. B NOEL,
JOHN EBBE,
ALEXIUS WILL,
J. A. GLASS,
A. J. M'MULLEN,
HUGH M'NEELIS.

Clearfield township, March 9, 1894.

What is this

Non-pull-out

anyhow

?

It is the only bow (ring) which cannot be pulled from the watch. To be had only with Jas. Boss Filled and other watch cases stamped with this trade mark.

A postal will bring you a watch case opener.

Keystone Watch Case Co.,
PHILADELPHIA.

$40.00 PER WEEK FOR WILLING WORKERS

of either sex, any age, in any part of the country, at the employment which we furnish. You need not be away from home over night. You can give your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. As capital is not required you run no risk. We supply you with all that is needed. It will cost you nothing to try the business. Any one can do the work. Beginners make money from the start. Failure is unknown with our workers. Every hour you labor you can easily make a dollar. No one who is willing to work fails to make more money every day than can be made in three days at any ordinary employment. Send for free book containing the fullest information.

H. HALLETT & CO.,
Box 880,
PORTLAND, MAINE.

FREE

$10.00 worth of lovely Music for Forty Cents, consisting of 100 pages full size Sheet Music of the latest, brightest, liveliest and most popular selections, both vocal and instrumental, gotten up in the most elegant manner, including four large size Portraits.

CARMENCITA, the Spanish Dancer,
PADEREWSKI, the Great Pianist,
ADELINA PATTI and
MINNIE SELIGMAN CUTTING.

ADDRESS ALL ORDERS TO
THE NEW YORK MUSICAL ECHO CO.
Broadway Theatre Bldg., New York City.
CANVASSERS WANTED.

Steel Picket Fence.

CHEAPER THAN WOOD

The above cut shows Picket Fence with Gate. (This is not a setting) can be used on Iron or Wood Posts. When writing for prices give Quantity, Number of Gates, Double and Single, Wanted. We also manufacture Heavy Iron Fencing, Crestings, Stable Fittings, Fire Shutters and FIRE ESCAPES, Cellar Doors, and Railings, Brass and Iron Grills, WIRE DOOR AND WINDOW SCREENS, and all kinds of WIRE WORK.

TAYLOR & DEAN,
201, 203 & 205 Market St. Pittsburgh, Pa.

DO you need Job Printing? If so, give the FREEMAN a trial order.

IT WILL PAY YOU

To go to **QUINN'S,** Clinton street, Johnstown, to buy Carpets, Linoleums, Mattings, Oil Cloths, Blankets, Feathers, &c. Prices Reduced on All Goods, and **FREIGHT PAID** on All Large Packages.

JAMES QUINN.

R. L. JOHNSTON, M. J. BUCK. A. W. BUCK.
ESTABLISHED 1872.

Johnston, Buck & Co.,
BANKERS,
EBENSBURG, - - - PENN'A.
A. W. BUCK, Cashier.

ESTABLISHED 1888.

Carrolltown Bank,
CARROLLTOWN, PA.
T. A. SHARBAUGH, Cashier.

General Banking Business Transacted.

The following are the principal features of general banking business:

DEPOSITS

Received payable on demand, and interest bearing certificates issued to time depositors.

LOANS

Extended to customers on favorable terms and approved paper discounted at all times.

COLLECTIONS

Made in the locality and upon all the banking towns in the United States. Charges moderate.

DRAFTS

Issued negotiable in all parts of the United States, and foreign exchange issued on all parts of Europe.

ACCOUNTS

Of merchants, farmers and others solicited, to whom reasonable accommodation will be extended. Patrons are assured that all transactions shall be held as strictly private and confidential, and that they will be treated as liberally as good banking rules will permit.

Respectfully,
JOHNSTON, BUCK & CO.

A. E. PATTON, President. WM. H. SANDFORD, Cashier.

THE

First National Bank
OF PATTON.

PATTON, Cambria Co., Pa.

Capital, paid up, - - $50,000.

Accounts of Corporations, Firms and Individuals received upon the most favorable terms consistent with safe and conservative Banking.

Steamship Tickets for sale by all the leading Lines and Foreign Drafts payable in any of the principal cities of the Old World.

All correspondence will have our personal and prompt attention.

Interest Paid on Time Deposits.

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Stocks, Bonds, Grain and Petroleum Carried on Margin.

HENRY SPROUL & CO.,
BANKERS AND BROKERS,
78 Fourth Avenue,
Pittsburgh,

Members of the New York Stock Exchange, Philadelphia Stock Exchange, Pittsburgh Stock Exchange, And Chicago Board of Trade.

Interest allowed on daily balances subject to check at sight through the Clearing House. feb9.3m

AGENTS WANTED by no old reliable firm; large profits, quick sale. SAMPLE FREE. A rare opportunity. Geo. A. [illegible], 842 Broadway, N. Y.

Trial List.

LIST of causes set down for trial on 2nd and 3rd weeks in March, 1894.

WEDNESDAY, 2ND WEEK.

Doran et al vs. Piper et al.
Christy vs. Mitchell.
Same vs. Same.
Mayer, negligence, vs. Theo. Heister & Co.
Meenan vs. Donelly et al.
Veil vs. Smith & Shaffer.
Prutzman & Co. vs. Farmers' Supply Co.

3RD WEEK.

Davis et al. vs. Bradley.
Travis vs. Suppes.
Strauss, Rothschild & Co. vs. Hochstein, administrator.
Hughes' administrators vs. Reese.
Burnsall vs. Johnstown Passenger Railway Co.
Strauss vs. Sloan.
Wendnath vs. Bloom.
Gardner vs. Strayer.
Fry vs. Rummel.
Shoemaker vs. Good.
Hiatt vs. same.
Hoffman vs. G. Bonerline Brewing Co.
Wingard vs. Yoder.
Alden vs. Holdeman.
Mock vs. Jennings.
Same vs. Fuller.
Osburn vs. Conter et al.
Davis vs. Richardson.
Donahoy Bros. vs. Krebbs.
Wyland vs. Sullivan.
Rively vs. P. R. R. Co.
McSpadden vs. Johnstown R. R. Co.
Snyder vs. Cambria Iron Co.
March Brownback Stove Co. vs. Pike & Miller.
Gallihan vs. Walters' executors.

J. C. DIBERT,
Prothonotary.

Prothonotary's office, Ebensburg, Pa., February 9, 1894.

HONEST GOODS FOR HONEST MONEY.

On receipt of $2.00, Postal Note, Money Order, or Registered Letter, we send to any part of the U. S. one pair of our Ladies' Celebrated Bright Dongola Kid Boots, equal to the best $3.00 shoe in the world. Being our own make, we guarantee fit, style, and wear. If not satisfactory, RETURN WITHIN TEN DAYS and money will be refunded or another pair sent. Button, Lace, Opera or Common Sense Toe. Plain Toe or Patent Leather Tip. Sizes, 2 to 8, in half sizes. Widths, B, C, D, E and EE. In ordering give size, width, and style. Liberty Shoes have no Equal. We Deliver Free.

LIBERTY SHOE CO.,
79 Milk St., Boston, Mass.

BEST $3. SHOE IN THE WORLD FOR $2.

Several of our best customers are well-known Ebensburg people. They can and will recommend Liberty Shoes because they have worn them. We want to sell more. Write to-day for our catalogue and the names of those in your town to whom we refer.

feb2.6m

1794. 1894.

Policies written at short notice in the

OLD RELIABLE 'ÆTNA"

And other First Class Companies.

T. W. DICK,
AGENT FOR THE
OLD HARTFORD
FIRE INSURANCE COM'Y.

COMMENCED BUSINESS
1794.

Ebensburg, July 31, 1882.

CANCER and TU

AROUND THE GLOBE.

THERE are forty vegetarian restaurants in London.

JESSUP, Ga., a town of over one thousand inhabitants, has not had a death for ten months.

STEPHEN LANGTON, archbishop of Canterbury, first divided the Bible into chapters and verses about the close of the twelfth century.

MISS MARY POWELL, of New Castle, Ind., has attended school for nine years without being absent or tardy, walking nearly a mile to the schoolhouse.

ARGENTINE and Uruguay are the richest of all countries in horses and horned stock; Austria has the most sheep, Italy the poorest horses, Portugal the poorest cattle.

WILLIAM PENN'S grave is in the churchyard of the little meeting house at Jordans, in Buckinghamshire, England, and Quakers hold a service there annually, in memory of the founder of Pennsylvania.

IN several respects, China may be called the antipode of America. Its people drink their tea cold and their wines warm, wear white for mourning; and a pupil, when reciting, turns his back to his teacher.

CURRENT HUMOR.

TALK about women being flighty! Look at bank cashiers"—Texas Siftings.

LECTURER—"We eat too much!" Old Lady (in loud whisper)—"She's one o' the committy."—Cleveland Plaindealer.

STRONG—"Would you call Supple's wife handsome?" Weak—"Yes—if I was talking to Supple."—Raymond's Monthly.

IT is the little things that tell. If you don't believe it ask the big sisters who have small brothers.—Philadelphia Record.

HICKS—"Your heart goes out in sympathy to the poor?" Wicks—"Yes, though it sounds like rank egotism to say it."—Boston Transcript.

JILLSON, who sat near one the other night, says the only thing reserved about a theater party is the seat each member occupies.—Buffalo Courier.

EMPLOYER—"Are you a college graduate?" Applicant—"No, but I'm just as good. I can kick eight kinds of wind out of a football."—Detroit Free Press.

GLEANINGS FROM "TRUTH."

GOT THERE FIRST.—Cobble—"I called at Miss Redbud's the other night and she asked to be excused." Stone—"Yes, I saw you from her parlor window."

CRITICISM.—"A pretty face," whispered the fire-eater, apropos of the new Circassian girl. "Not strong enough," muttered the contortionist, who was notoriously enamored of the iron-jawed woman.

A NATIONAL CHARACTERISTIC.—Lord Forgivuz—"I can always tell an American by what he drinks." William Ann—"But he drinks anything he can get." Lord Forgivuz—"That's the way I tell."

HARD—The shark and his family were gathered about their lowly board, partaking of the summer-girl who had ventured too far from the beach. "Here!" suddenly exclaimed the mother to the youngest, "don't take the heart. You must think dentists' services are cheap." Above their heads the ocean rolled, and ten thousand fleets swept over it in vain.

LAWS OF THE LANDS.

NO BOY is allowed to run an elevator in Omaha unless he is over eighteen years old.

SIMON GRAYDON, of Columbus, Ind., has been found guilty of training a parrot to cry "Ugly Calla, Calla lives across the street."

PASTEBOARD milk tickets are thought to spread contagion; therefore Mayor Oellerich, of Oshkosh, Wis., prohibits their use in that city.

AN English girl, who fell while dancing at a ball and broke her leg, has sued her partner for damages on account of his clumsiness.

AUSTRIA is the most lenient to murderers. In the ten years ending 1879 there were eight hundred and sixteen criminals found guilty of willful murder in Austria, of whom only twenty-three were put to death.

RELIGIOUS NOTES.

THE American Inter-Seminary Missionary alliance held at New Haven, Conn., was attended by one hundred and seventy delegates, representing thirty-one seminaries and a dozen denominations.

AT one of the monthly union meetings of the five Cumberland Presbyterian Endeavor societies of Nashville, Tenn., four young people volunteered to go as foreign missionaries.

THE Salvation Army has secured a strong foothold in Buenos Ayres. During the financial troubles it was able to help thousands of men thrown out of work to food and shelter.

The Endeavorers of the Christian denomination in New England are supporting a missionary in Japan. Those out of New England propose to raise one thousand dollars for a second missionary.

POPULAR SCIENCE.

THE largest apes have only sixteen ounces of brain; the lowest men have thirty-nine.

GOLD can be beaten twelve hundred times thinner than printing paper. One ounce will cover one hundred and forty-six square feet.

AN ostrich's egg is about seventeen inches by fifteen inches. The measurements of the egg of the crocodile are normally nine inches by six and one-half inches.

GREAT as have been their advances in recent years in other respects, the Japanese people have remained singularly deficient in stature and physique. A government commission, after prolonged investigation, attributes this to an almost exclusively vegetable diet.

A Warning.

Superstitious people are alarmed by the unusual or the unexpected. Occassionally in a late, cold spring English birds will tap on the house windows in hopes of a meal. If the inmates are superstitious the tapping is looked upon as a warning. A doctor was one day in February summoned in haste to a farmhouse on the moor. He found an old man in bed, but in perfect health, and asked why he had been sent for. "Why, sir," answered the daughter-in-law, "there came a little robin at the door. We knowed it was a 'call,' and we thought it must be granfer; so we put 'im in bed and sent for you."

PITHY AND POINTED.

THINKING right will keep us from doing wrong.

GOODNESS is contagious when it comes close enough to touch.

SMALLPOX is not any more contagious than a good example.

THE man who will not improve his talents steals from himself.

LOVE'S name can be written only in blood drawn from its own heart.

A MAN with a quick temper is as unsafe as a ship loaded with dynamite.

ONE of the tests of a fine nature is the effect joys and sorrows have upon it.—Ram's Horn.

A FOOL

never wants to learn, but the

WISE MAN

reads that

OLD HONESTY CHEWING TOBACCO

is the best that is made, and at ONCE tries it, and saves money and secures more satisfaction than ever before. AVOID imitations. Insist on having the genuine. If your dealer hasn't it ask him to get it for you.

JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ky.

LADIES!

Are you reckless enough to venture? If so send two cents in stamps to the *Mack Publishing Co.*, 528 and 530 Washington Street, New York, for one of their beautiful illustrated **"Ladies' Books."** It is a novel, unique, and interesting work to every person of refinement.

On receipt of ten cents in stamps they will send postpaid a full set of their famous household game **Verba.**

QUINEPTUS!

A very pleasing, harmless glycyrrhized aromatic compound for disguising the taste of quinine and other bitter drugs, either solid or fluid. **Price, 75 Cents per Pint Bottle.** Prescribed by thousands of physicians in Europe and America. Formula accompanies every bottle. For Sale by Druggists.

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Approved by the highest medical authorities in use in the hospitals in every part of Europe. Especially helpful to ladies, children and people of sedentary habits.

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Mountain House

STAR SHAVING PARLOR!

CENTRE STREET, EBENSBURG.

THIS well-known and long established Shaving Parlor is now located on Centre street, opposite the livery stable of O'Hara, Davis & Luther, where the business will be carried on in the future. SHAVING, HAIR CUTTING AND SHAMPOOING done in the neatest and most artistic manner. Clean Towels a specialty.

☞Ladies waited on at their residences.

JAMES H. GANT,
Proprietor

FEES BROS.'

Shaving Parlor,

Main Street, Near Post Office

☞The undersigned desires to inform the public that they have opened a shaving parlor on Main street, near the post office where barbering in all its branches will be carried on in the future. Everything neat and clean.

Your patronage solicited.

FEES BROS.

WHERE THE MONEY GOES.

SOETBEER says that the earnings of the Prussian people increased 25 per cent. from 1872 to 1885.

SINCE the beginning of the present century the land of Great Britain has doubled in assessed value.

THE average cost of city houses in this country is estimated at $4,700; of country houses at $1,050.

THE world has a large part of its wealth invested in 325,690 fixed and 107,150 locomotive engines.

THE people of Great Britain devote £5,803,000 of their wealth every year to the support of the clergy.

THE merchant marine of Great Britain is equal in value to that of all the rest of the world's ships.

THE assessed valuation of the United States, according to Mulhall, is £13,000,000,000, or $65,000,000,000.

The annual value of the clothing made in the United States and Europe is estimated at $2,205,000,000.

ALL the Australian colonies are assessed at £1,500,000,000, most of which is mortgaged in Great Britain.

THE estimated value of the beer and spirits made in this country and Europe is stated at $2,055,000,000.

LITERARY TID-BITS.

ONE of the most thoroughly original works in English is Bedlam, a play in twenty-five acts. It was written by Nat Lee when confined in a mad house.

THE first private library mentioned by history was that of Aristotle, B. C. 334. Strabo says it was large, but does not mention the number of books.

THE first known European library originated in the present to the family of Regulus by the Roman senate of all the books seized at the capture of Carthage.

DURING the last century an original copy of Magna Charta, seals, signatures and all, was found in the hands of a tailor who was about to cut it up for patterns.

So many forgeries of ancient works have been perpetrated that some critics have been led to suppose that all the ancient writings we possess are but impostures.

MANY of Lady Mary Wortley Montagu's letters were destroyed by her daughter, who imagined that the family name was impaired by connection with literature.

WRITERS AND THEIR WAYS.

LUCAN died repeating a passage from his own poems.

MILTON was extremely anxious to have his poems properly punctuated.

ROSCOMMON died repeating the lines of his own translation of the Dies Irae.

DR. WARTON says that most of the English poets were notably handsome men.

PASCAL often copied a composition six or eight times before allowing it to be printed.

DRYDEN always trembled violently for some time after concluding an interesting poem.

CERVANTES wrote a new dedication to one of his works after he had received extreme unction.

CICERO was a notable punster. A collection, not now extant, of his puns was made by Julius Cæsar.

STERNE and Churchill were always in a quarrel with some reviewer of their works. Both hated critics.

HARDI, the great French dramatist, wrote eight hundred dramatic pieces between the years 1600 and 1637.

RIBBONS AND RUFFLES.

A BONNET of shirred satin, with velvet rosettes and elaborate garniture of lace and small ostrich tips, is voted one of the most attractive models of the season.

A MODIFICATION of the blouse waist idea has the back drawn down smoothly over the lining, the sides almost close-fitting and the front in a full-draped vest. The style is very pretty.

A CHARMING evening-bonnet is made of a roll of white satin and heliotrope velvet. The crown is a bit of oriental embroidery in white and gold, and the trimming is of aigrettes and tiny ostrich plumes.

ALTHOUGH very much is said about the overskirt, it must not for a moment be supposed that fashion arbitrarily demands it. There are quite as many dresses without as with it; and the drappery idea, while it gives variety to an imported assortment, is not by any means adopted by the generality of women.

NEWSPAPER WAIFS.

IT is the little things that tell. If you don't believe it, ask the big sisters who have small brothers.—Philadelphia Record.

JUDGE—"Have you anything to offer the court before sentence is passed?" "No, your honor. My lawyer took my last shilling."—Puck.

CLARA—"Would you take Walter Handsome and Arthur Handsome for brothers?" Amelia—"Yes. I have already promised to be a sister to them."—Raymond's Monthly.

"AND why do you want me to give you a dime?" asked the benevolent old gentleman. "Well," replied the bright beggar, "to tell the truth, I'm in the soup, and I want to reverse the situation."—Philadelphia Record.

BRIEF FUN.

"THE woman of the hour" is the one who has breakfast on time.

THE YOUTH—"And what shall I do to have my fellow-men speak well of me?" The Sage—"Die."

"WILLIE has a terrible cold on his chest." "Dear me! How did he catch it?" "Went out one day without his chrysanthemum."

STADERHOME—"They tell me the average cowboy's language is full of dash and piquancy." Binwest—"I don't know about the piquancy. From a printer's standpoint, though, it is certainly full of dash."

LARGEST STEAM HAMMER.

It Weighs 125 Tons and Covers 42 Feet of Floor Surface.

The new 125-ton steam hammer just completed by the Bethlehem Iron & Steel Company, Bethlehem, Pa., is the largest ever built. The hammer was designed by John Fritz, superintendent of the company, and stands some 60 feet high. It covers a floor surface 42 feet square and is of the usual A-frame construction. The steam cylinder is 6 feet 6 inches in diameter, and has a stroke of 16 feet 6 inches. The total weight of piston, piston rod, ram and die is 125 tons. The foundations for the hammer and anvil are independent of each other, and the space between is filled in with crib work. The hammer foundations consist of a pair of heavy walls, 30 feet in height, laid parallel north and south of the anvil foundation. These walls rest upon piles driven to the rock bottom. The anvil foundations consist of a timber framework supporting several layers of iron and steel slabs, arranged in longitudinal and transverse layers. The anvil is made up of 22 solid cast iron blocks, averaging 10 tons in weight. The anvil block upon which the material is to be hammered is faced with steel and measures 11 feet in length, 6 feet in width at bottom, 2 feet in width at top, with a depth of 4 feet 6 inches.

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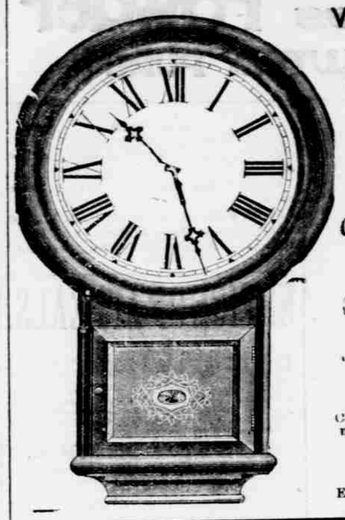
—PRACTICAL—

WATCHMAKER & JEWELER,

—AND DEALER IN—



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We have wagons, buggies, surreys. High grade, as light, strong, durable, stylish, as beautifully finished as modernized manufacture can produce. Built on honor by men of life experience. Honesty is our policy; prompt shipment our specialty. We want to know you. Write us. Costs you nothing. May lead to business by and by. Send for our catalogue. It is free to every reader of this paper. Binghamton Wagon Co., Binghamton, N. Y.

"BUILT FOR BUSINESS."

"Thrift is a good revenue."

Great Saving

results from cleanliness and SAPOLIO: It is a solid cake of scouring soap. Try it in your next house-cleaning and be happy.

Looking out over the many homes of this country, we see thousands of women wearing away their lives in household drudgery that might be materially lessened by the use of a few cakes of SAPOLIO. If an hour is saved each time a cake is used, if one less wrinkle gathers upon the face because the toil is lightened, she must be a foolish woman who would hesitate to make the experiment, and he a churlish husband who would grudge the few cents which it costs.

RHEUMATISM AND NEURALGIA

These twin diseases cause untold suffering. Doctors admit that they are difficult to cure—so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst cases of rheumatism and neuralgia—so say those who have used it.

"Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Paine's Celery Compound, and was perfectly cured. I can now 'limp around,' and feel as lively as a boy." FRANK CAROLL, Eureka, Nevada.

$1.00. SIX for $5.00. Druggists. Mammoth testimonial paper free.

WELLS, RICHARDSON & CO., Props., Burlington, Vt.

"Paine's Celery Compound has been used to me. For the past two years I have suffered with neuralgia of the 'heart doctor' of doctor failing to cure me. I have now taken nearly four bottles of the Compound and am free from the complaint. I feel very grateful to you." CHAS. H. LEWIS, Central Village, Ct.

Paine's Celery Compound

Effects Lasting Cures.

Paine's Celery Compound has performed many other cures as marvelous as these,—copies of letters sent to any address. Pleasant to take, does not disturb, but aids digestion, and entirely vegetable; a child can take it. What's the use of suffering longer with rheumatism or neuralgia?

DIAMOND DYES Give Faster and Brighter Colors than any other Dyes. | BABIES Living upon Lactated Food are Healthy, Happy, Hearty. It is Unequaled.

"Seeing is Believing."

And a good lamp

must be simple; when it is not simple it is not good. *Simple, Beautiful, Good*—these words mean much, but to see "The Rochester" will impress the truth more forcibly. All metal, tough and seamless, and made in three pieces only, it is *absolutely safe* and *unbreakable*. Like Aladdin's of old, it is indeed a "wonderful lamp," for its marvelous light is purer and brighter than gas light, softer than electric light and more cheerful than either.

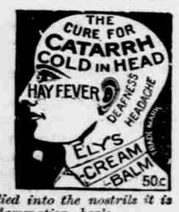
Look for this stamp—THE ROCHESTER. If the lamp dealer has n't the genuine Rochester, and the style you want, send to us for our new illustrated catalogue, and we will send you a lamp safely by express—your choice of over 2,000 varieties from the *Largest Lamp Store in the World*.

ROCHESTER LAMP CO., 42 Park Place, New York City.

"The Rochester."

Elys Cream Balm

THE CURE FOR CATARRH HAY-FEVER AND COLD IN HEAD



Ely's Cream Balm is not a liquid, snuff or powder. Applied into the nostrils it is quickly absorbed. It cleanses the head, allays inflammation, heals the sores. Sold by druggists or sent by mail on receipt of price.

50c ELY BROTHERS, 56 Warren Street NEW YORK. 50c

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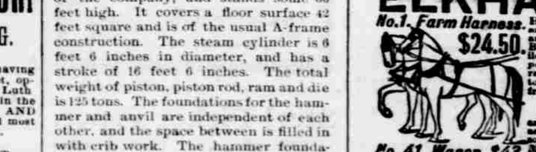
No. 1. Farm Harness. $24.50.



Have sold to consumers for 20 years, saving them the dealers' profits. We are the oldest and largest manufacturers in America selling Buggies and Harness this way. Shipped with privilege to examine before any money is paid. We pay freight both ways if not satisfactory. Warrant for two years. Why pay an Agent $10 to $50 to order for you? Write your own order. Boxing free. We take all the risk of damage in shipping.

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Spring Wagons, $35 to $50. Guaranteed same as sold for $60 to $75. Buggies, $70 to $100, same as sold at $100 to $150. Phaetons, $75 to $125, fine as sold at $175. Phaetons at $75 to $100. Wagonettes, Milk Wagons, Delivery Wagons and Road Carts.

OUR HARNESS are all No. 1 Oak-tanned Leather. Single $8 to $20; Double Buggy, $18 to $35. Riding Saddles and Fly Nets. 3 per cent. off for cash with order. 64-page illustrated Catalogue free. Address

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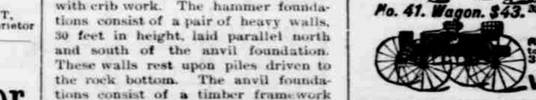

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H. E. Hooker Co., Nurserymen, Rochester, N. Y.

Established 1838. Incorporated 1883.

A MODEL HUSBAND.

Glimpses of the Domestic Life of the Great Mozart.

The wives of geniuses are so often not happy that it is pleasant to read of the tender, affectionate and cheerful companion that Constance Mozart found in her husband. An example of the tone of his correspondence with her is this gay little letter:

"If I should tell you, dear adored one, all that I say to your portrait you would laugh at my folly. When I take it out of its case I say: 'God bless you, my dear little Constance! God keep you, amiable rogue, little curly head and pointed nose, my joy and my grief!' And when I must separate from the dear picture I slide it slowly, slowly into the case and say: 'Wait, wait, wait, wait!' Then when it has quite disappeared I say: 'Good night, dear little friend! Sleep well!'"

He was a most gentle nurse when Constance was ill. At five o'clock he stole out of the house on tiptoe to go for a ride on horseback, but never without leaving under Constance's pillow a little note something like this:

"I wish you good morning, dear little wife! I hope that you slept well and that nothing troubled your rest.

"Take care not to get cold, do not get up too soon, do not slip down, do not get tired, do not get cross with the maid. Take care not to trip on the sill as you go from one room to another. Keep all your domestic troubles until I come back, and that will be soon."

His sister-in-law, Sophie, told this story of his devotion. One day she and Mozart were watching by Constance, who had fallen asleep. A sudden noise caused Mozart to jump up quickly. His chair slipped and he fell, driving a knife which he had open in his hand deep into his thigh.

Mozart was ordinarily very nervous, and so sensitive to pain that the slightest prick from a pin made him turn pale, but he did not utter a sound. Slowly and cautiously he went away to his own room to dress the injury.

The wound was so severe that he limped for several days, but he disguised his suffering and the limp so bravely that Constance never knew of the accident.—Youth's Companion.

WHEN SCOT MET SCOT.

She of Argyll Confronted by a Graham o Claverhouse.

From Chicago comes a delightful little tale of Greek meeting Greek, says the Cincinnati Commercial Gazette. In the closing days of the exposition a weary woman came into the parlors of the British exhibit, and sitting down upon a handsome sofa first rested against the cushions, then turned and put her feet up to secure a recumbent posture.

Noticing this, a Scotchwoman, who was in charge of the exhibit, approached and objected.

"But I am tired," said the other woman, "and I wish to rest."

"It is, however, against the rules," replied the manager, "that these couches should be used to lie upon; I will bring you more cushions, and make you as comfortable as possible, but you cannot lie down here."

"Why, I am from England. This place is created just for us, and why shouldn't we be comfortable?"

"I can't argue that with you; I am here to enforce the rules, and must obey my instructions."

The other woman continued to protest, growing more offensive as she was met with continued firm, though civil resistance, and at last she played what she considered her trump card.

"Madam," she exclaimed, drawing herself up, "it is time that I let you know who I am; I am a second cousin of the duke of Argyll."

The Scotchwoman's eyes gleamed "That settles it," she replied, instantly and decisively. "I am a Graham of Claverhouse, and between your family and mine is a feud of five hundred years' standing. No Argyll trespasses here while a Graham is in charge."

And no Argyll did.—Toledo Blade.

Noses Revised and Amended.

If Cleopatra were alive to-day the length of her nose would have little to do in determining her career. Noses, as other traits in the present advanced state of surgery, are merely determinate features. It is only a question of time when one shall read on the outer wall: "Noses altered while you wait?" If a pug nose does not harmonize with the other features or a pensive disposition, it is easily changed by removing a wedge-shaped piece between the nostrils. This is done without pain by spraying the nose with cocaine. If a Roman nose gives one the air of being too dominant, the hump is removed by making an incision, cutting the flesh away, and a steel burr, run by an electric motor, easily grinds down the hump. The skin, then trimmed to fit, sewed and properly bound, soon heals. Cocaine again renders the operation a mere detail. In the same manner large mouths are transformed into dainty shapes by removing the surplus at the corners and sewing them up. The surgeon who is the authority for these statements says that the time will come when skin-grafting will be so easily managed that another countenance may be ordered, like a new bonnet.—N. Y. Sun.

IT MOVES THE WORLD.

IN 1720 the world's commerce was estimated at £88,000,000; in 1889 it was estimated at £3,377,000,000.

IRELAND has 156,000 houses of one room each, 357,000 of two to four rooms and 304,000 of five or more.

THE Austrian savings banks are patronized by 1,850,000 depositors, who have on deposit $613,000,000.

GREAT BRITAIN is first in merchandise, Germany being second, the United States third and France fourth.

CANADA, Belgium, Holland and Sweden are all assessed at about the same figure—£1,000,000,000 each.

THE official returns of Berlin property show 29,700 houses, valued at £158,400,000 and renting for £8,800,000.

OVER £300,000,000 of the people's money in Italy is invested in the royal navy, arsenals, docks and harbors.

THE United States is first in the value of horses, Great Britain coming second, France third and Germany fourth.

THE United States is estimated by Mulhall to produce $535,000,000 of minerals every year; Great Britain, $295,000,000.

Minute Filaments.

Some interesting as well as extraordinary accounts have recently been given concerning experiments in the production of minute threads from gold, glass, platinum and other substances. The most remarkable of these minute filaments, according to C. V. Boys, the experimenter, are those of quartz. He says: "As torsion threads these fibers of quartz would seem to be more perfect in their elasticity than any known. They are as strong as steel and can be made of any reasonable length, perfectly uniform in diameter, and, as already explained in the body of the article, so fine as to be beyond the power of any microscope yet made. The tail ends of these threads must be at least ten million times smaller than ordinary spun glass. Of course it is impossible to manipulate these minute filaments, although there is no difficulty in measuring threads less than the one-thousandth part of an inch in diameter."

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Rye Whiskey.

This Whiskey is unrivaled for PURITY, AGE AND GENERAL EXCELLENCE. It is recommended by physicians, used and endorsed by the leading hospitals of the country. All first-class druggists, hotels and dealers keep it. It sells $1.50 per full quart everywhere. If your dealer does not keep it, send the amount to headquarters at

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MRS. ELMIRA HATCH.

HEART DISEASE 20 YEARS.

Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

DEAR SIRS: For 20 years I was troubled with heart disease. Would frequently have falling spells and smothering at night. Had to sit up or get out of bed to breathe. Had pain in my left side and back most of the time; at last I became dropsical. I was very nervous and nearly worn out. The least excitement would cause me to faint. I was not sleep on my left side or back until began taking your *New Heart Cure*. I had not taken it very long until I felt much better, and I can now sleep on either side or back without the least discomfort. I have no pain, smothering, dropsy, no wind on stomach or other disagreeable symptoms. I am able to do all my own housework without any trouble and consider myself cured.

Elkhart, Ind., 1888. MRS. ELMIRA HATCH.

It is now four years since I have taken any medicine. Am in better health than I have been in 40 years. I honestly believe that *Dr. Miles' New Heart Cure* saved my life and made me a well woman. I am now 62 years of age, and am able to do a good day's work.

May 29th, 1892. MRS. ELMIRA HATCH.

THOUSANDS troubled with fluttering. For the last fifteen years I could

CURED

Sold on a Positive Guarantee.

DR. MILES' PILLS, 50 DOSES 25 CTS.

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OUTSTRIPPING THE WIND.

An Illustration of How a Yacht May Accomplish This Feat.

Every yachtsman knows that a ship can sail faster than the wind: that is to say, if the wind is blowing ten knots an hour, a ship may be making twelve or fifteen knots an hour. Now it is obvious that if the ship is sailing straight before the wind it cannot at the utmost, travel faster than the wind itself is blowing—as a matter of fact, it will travel much more slowly. If, on the other hand, the ship is sailing at an angle with the wind, it seems at first sight that the wind must act with less effect than before, but as a matter of fact the ship not only sails more quickly than before, but more quickly than the wind itself is blowing. Let us consider the difficulty in the light of the following experiment: Place a ball at one side of the billiard table, and with the cue not held in the ordinary manner, but lengthwise from end to end of the table, shove the ball across the cloth. The cue here represents the wind, and the ball the ship sailing directly before it; the ball of course travels at the same rate as the cue. Now, suppose a groove in which the ball may roll is cut diagonally across the table from one corner pocket to the other. If the ball be now placed at one end of the groove and the cue held horizontally parallel with the long sides and moved forward across the width of the table as before, the ball will travel along the groove (and along the cue) diagonally across the table in the same time as the cue takes to move across the width of the table. This is the case of the ship sailing at an angle with the direction of the wind. The groove is considerably longer than the width of the table, more than double as long, in fact. The ball, therefore, travels much faster than the cue which impels it, since it covers more than double the distance in the same time. It is in precisely the same manner that a tacking ship is enabled to sail faster than the wind.

A PEACEFUL NIGHT.

How a Squeamish Tourist Was Deceived on a Steamer.

"Some people," said an old sea captain the other day to London Tid-Bits, "are afraid of sea sickness and hesitate to travel by water because of this fear. A friend of mine came on board the steamer Plymouth the other evening in a very happy frame of mind. He had been troubled for a long time when off Southampton by a feeling of nausea, but now he was positive that he had found a way to avoid it by going to bed as soon as he came on board and remaining there until he arrived at his destination.

"On this occasion he bade me a hurried good night, climbed into his berth and in a few minutes was fast asleep. He slept like a top until seven o'clock the next morning, with never a qualm of mal de mer to disturb his slumbers. He arose delighted, satisfied that he had at last found a remedy for the disorder which had caused him so much misery. He went down into the dining-room and ate a hearty meal, though somewhat surprised that a few passengers were stirring. Going on deck with a satisfied look on his face and a toothpick in his mouth, he met me.

"'Say, old man,' he exclaimed, 'that sleeping racket of mine worked like a charm. Never had a touch of it all night.'

"I smiled.

"'What are you grinning for?' he asked, in surprise.

"'Because,' I answered, 'the Plymouth has been tied to her dock all night. She has not moved a foot. There was something the matter with her machinery and we had to transfer the passengers. No one suspected that a man would go to bed at six o'clock, and so you were overlooked in the transfer.'"

THE ONLY WAY OUT.

An Apt Illustration of the Futility of Lying.

There is only one way out of disgrace, and that is to tell the truth. The process of "lying out of it," so called, is only a sure way of getting one deeply mired. This is well illustrated by a story borrowed from the Christian Secretary.

A man of doubtful reputation was seen his way home one night, and came across a pile of planks which for some reason had been unloaded upon the roadside. He couldn't—or thought he couldn't—resist the temptation to steal one of them.

He could not go through the village with it, and so took a cut across the fields. By and by, in the gathering dusk, he wandered into a bog-hole and sank in the mire. The more he struggled the deeper he sank, until getting alarmed he cried lustily for help.

His shouts brought a neighbor with a lantern.

"Why, Jones, what does this mean?" asked the good Samaritan. "How in the world came you here?"

"I was in a hurry to get home," said the thief, "and so I cut across. To get into this bog. The more I tried to pull myself out, the deeper I got, and finally I went back to the road and got this plank to see if I couldn't pull myself out with that."

Arabian Saddles.

Some of the oldest equine habits which horsemen ever engaged in may be found in lands abutting on the home of the Arabian, but where the Arab himself is not to be found; though indeed, the Arab himself has enough oddities. The Kurds ride a tree covered with plaited straw, quite flat, padded with blankets. This is never remove from their horses, except occasionally to dry it out. The horse is kept saddled day and night summer and winter. This seems incredible, but is literally true. Turkestan the horse, under his saddle is covered with the Biblical number of blankets, seven, which he likewise wears at all times, and which are disposed to sweat him out and keep him in condition.

The Football Player's Sorrow.

"Thus one by one are our fond dreams dispelled," said the dejected looking young man, as he dropped his head with its long, flowing locks in his hands. "And she always seemed so unselfish."

"Oh, well, brace up. Think of your fame as a football player."

"It is that which sundered the tie that bound us. She demanded too much."

"But you told me only a short time ago that you would give her your life if she asked for it."

"So I would—but what she desired was—"

"Well?"

"A lock of my hair!"—Washington Star.

About Fuller's Earth.

Fuller's earth is mostly found in the vicinity of the Reigate, Dorking and Leith hill, three of the many charming districts in which the county of Surrey abounds. It is extracted in the form of a very soft stone, which crumbles to the touch, and it has to go through a process of manufacture before it is fit for use in the acceptable form in which chemists dispense it. Last year the quantity stated in the blue book as having been extracted was four thousand five hundred tons, and its value was estimated at ten thousand five hundred pounds sterling.